

# A note before we begin

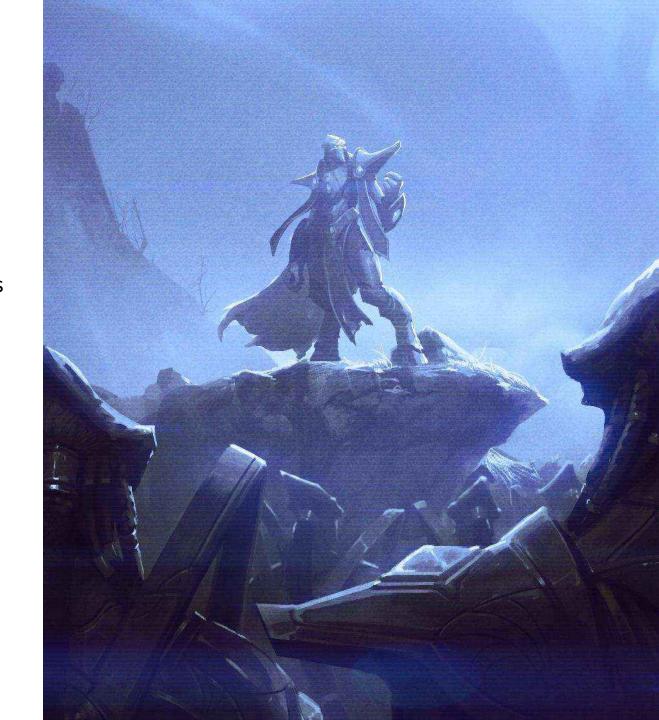
Blizzard Entertainment in no way endorses or condones reverse engineering of our properties.

The exercises herein were conducted to understand the methods used to create unlicensed behaviors.



### About Me: Elias Bachaalany

- Anti-Cheat Engineer, Blizzard Entertainment
- Previously worked at Hex-Rays and Microsoft
- Technical writer:
  - Practical Reverse Engineering, Antivirus Hackers Handbook
  - Batchography
- Passionate about reverse engineering and low-level programming on MS-Windows
- Interested in debuggers, emulators, API hooking, dynamic binary instrumentation and virtualization technologies
- Contact
  - Email: <u>ebachaalany at blizzard.com</u>
  - Twitter: @0xeb



#### Comrades on the adventure

#### My colleagues

 Guillaume Breuil, Yi Deng, Chris Genova, Mark Chandler, James Touton, Pete Stilwell, Zak Bennett and Grant Davies

#### <u>Tools</u>

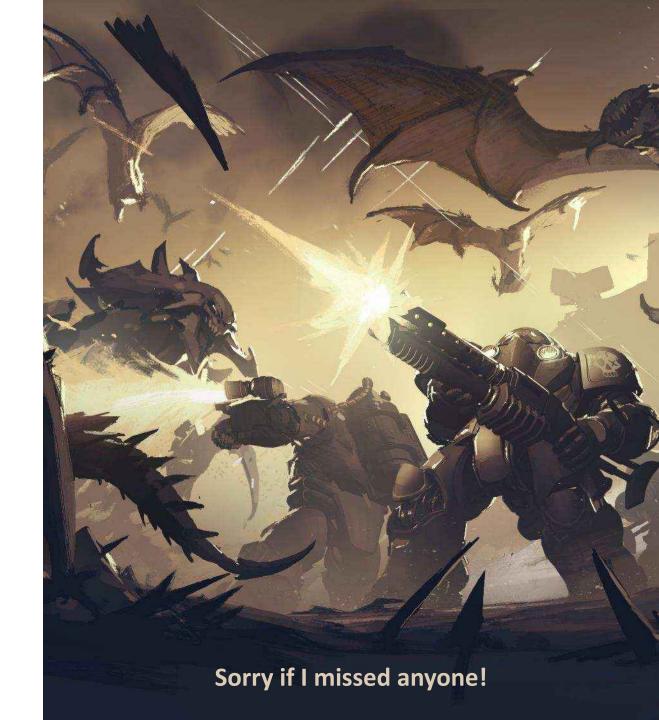
- SCMDraft2 map editor Henrik Arlinghaus
- trgk (Trigger King) <a href="https://github.com/phu54321/">https://github.com/phu54321/</a>
- MPQ tools Ladislav Zezula
- BWAPI Adam Heinermann
- IDA Pro Hex-Rays
- Diaphora Joxean Koret
- EUDEnabler and the EUDDB Farty1Billion http://farty1billion.dyndns.org/EUDDB/

#### South Korean map makers and tools community

- Kongze1004 Random Tower Defense map author
- Sksljh2091 Mario Exodus map author
- Jacksell12, Deation, Sato

#### **Community Sites**

TeamLiquid, StarEdit Network, Naver.com



# Backstory /1

- StarCraft is a science fiction RTS (real-time strategy)
- Released for PC and Mac on March 31, 1998
- StarCraft: Brood War Expansion pack released on November 30, 1998
- Significant patches to this talk:
  - 1.16.1 01/21/2009 Last patch for 8 years
  - 1.18.0 04/18/2017 First modern patch
  - 1.20.0 08/14/2017 StarCraft: Remastered
  - 1.21.0 12/07/2017 EUD reintroduced via emulation



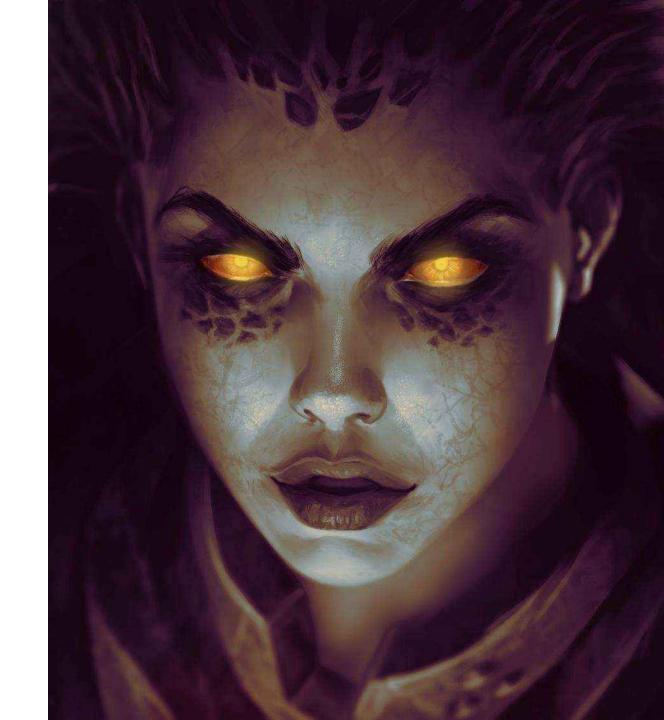
# Backstory /2

- StarCraft had various buffer overflow bugs, but one was related to a particular trigger condition and action:
  - The Extended Unit Death trigger
  - ➤ Or simply: EUD
- Blizzard did not update StarCraft between 2009 and early 2017
  - The community re-enabled the bug with custom launchers and tools
- Patch 1.17 was slated for release but was held back because it would break mods, tools, and launchers:
  - wMode
  - wLauncher, ChaosLauncher
  - BWAPI Plugin to write AI bots that play StarCraft



# Backstory /3

- StarCraft maps based on EUD triggers thrived among the South Korean map makers community
- The EUD triggers:
  - Are encoded in the map file
  - Allowed arbitrary memory read and write:
    - The majority of the public EUD maps in circulation have hardcoded addresses compatible with <u>StarCraft 1.16.1</u> on Windows
    - ➤ I am not aware of any EUD maps for the MacOS version of the game
- The EUD exploit allowed modders to author maps that modify the game radically:
  - Random Tower Defense
  - Mario Exodus Map
  - Etc.





**Random Tower Defense – EUD map** 



**Bouncing Ball EUD map (SC 1.16.1)** 

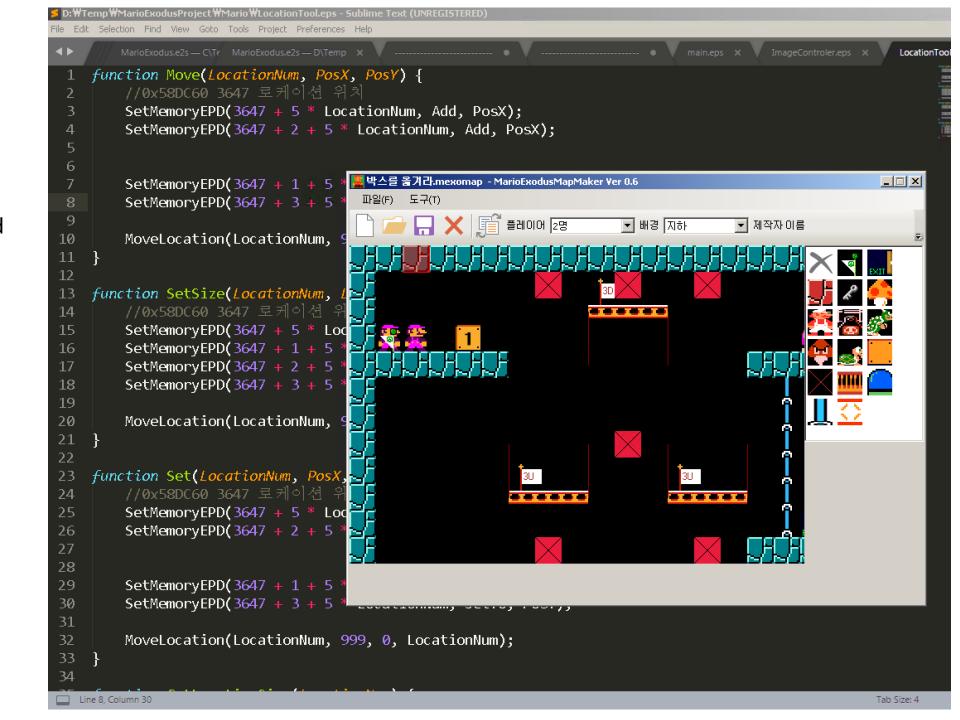


Bouncing Ball EUD map (SC:R w/ emulation)



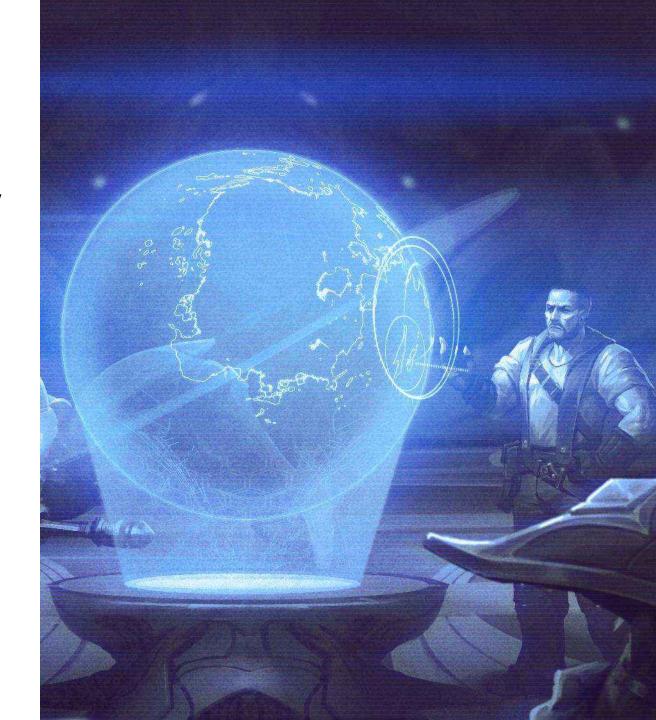
스타크래프트 유즈맵 [EUD] Mario EXODUS V0.4 (StarCraft Use map)

- The Mario Exodus map author created a level editor!
- The map was developed using trgk's epScript language and compiler



# StarCraft map file format

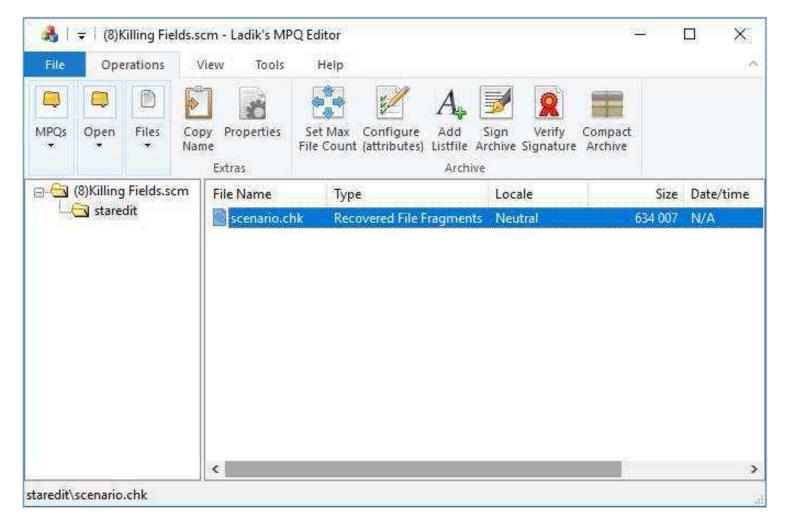
- They are just MPQ archives
  - The MPQ format has been extensively reverse engineered and documented by the community
- They contain various files:
  - They contain custom WAV audio used by the map
  - staredit/scenario.chk ← The actual map chunk file
    - This file contains the triggers chunk
    - It contains strings table chunk
    - It contains a chunk describing buildings and units
  - Etc.



### Map file in MPQ Editor

 Ladik's MPQ editor can be used to view or modify the contents of an MPQ map file

http://zezula.net/en/mpq/download.html



Note the chunk file: "staredit/scenario.chk"

Made of one or more chunks:

```
typedef struct {
    union {
        BYTE FourCC[4];
        DWORD ckID;
    };
    DWORD ckSize;
} CK_HDR;
```

- Chunk header is followed by the chunk body
- The game parses each chunk based on its ID:

```
static const CHUNKTABLE Bwar100Pass2 MapSettings[] = {
    {{'S', 'T', 'R', ' '}, maphdr_STR,
                                              true},
    {{ 'M', 'T', 'X', 'M'}, maphdr_MTXM,
                                              true},
    {{ 'T', 'H', 'G', '2'}, maphdr_THG2,
                                              true},
    {{ 'M', 'A', 'S', 'K'}, maphdr_MASK,
                                              true},
    {{'U', 'N', 'I', 'x'}, maphdr_UNIS_Bwar, true}, // Brood War handler
    {{'U', 'P', 'G', 'x'}, maphdr_UPGS_Bwar, true}, // Brood War handler
    {{"T", "E", "C", "x"}, maphdr_TECS_Bwar, true}, // Brood War handler
    {{'P','U','N','I'}, maphdr PUNI,
                                              true}.
    {{'P', 'U', 'P', 'x'}, maphdr_PUPG_Bwar, true}, // Brood War handler
    {{'P','T','E','x'}, maphdr_PTEC_Bwar,
                                            true}, // Brood War handler
    {{'U', 'N', 'I', 'T'}, maphdr UNIT,
                                              true},
    {{ 'U', 'P', 'R', 'P'}, maphdr UPRP,
                                              true},
    {{ 'M', 'R', 'G', 'N'}, maphdr_MRGN_Ext,
                                             true}.
    {{'T', 'R', 'I', 'G'}, maphdr_TRIG,
                                             true},
    {{<mark>'C'</mark>, 'O', 'L', 'R'}, maphdr_COLR,
                                              true}, // new chunk
35
```

- Some chunks might have their own sub-headers
- The strings chunk is such an example:

```
//********************************
// STR - MAP STRING TABLE
//*********************************
static BOOL CALLBACK maphdr_STR(HCHUNK hChunk, DWORD dwSize, LPARAM data) {
    gpMapStrs = (TPStrTb1)ALLOC(dwSize);
    if (!gpMapStrs)
        return false;
    gdwMapStrSize = dwSize;

if (!ReadChunk(hChunk, gpMapStrs))
    return false;

return true;
}
```

- The strings chunk can be used to hide data not used by the game directly
  - When CK\_HDR.ckSize > ( sizeof(the complete TStrTbl header) + ∑strlen(of all strings in the table) )
- The modders hide additional triggers in the cave area of the string chunk

```
III Hiew: scenario.chk
    scenario.chk
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⊈L∟L+L`L¢L≟L∎L'MXMhMwMZOîO—OδO∎OúP∰P<sup>⊥</sup>P∥PφP♣Q♪Q§Q↔Q%Q-Q5QAQTQgQoQwQèQ¥QñQ%QτQ0RzRÑS≟S1TÆT╒T∢UTUÅUΣU.VöV◘W,WRW~WóW<sup>L</sup>W÷W XM
XaXvX<sup>⊥</sup>X▲Y%Y8YKY^YqYäYöYºY∥Y=YαY≤Y♠ZŶZ¢Z↑Z▲Z$ZQZ~ZæZñZηZ<sup>⊥</sup>Z┃Z≡Z♥[╺[)[=[Q[d[w[è[æ[≥[T\╡\°\ơ]▲]a]¬]±]<^¬^↑^i<u>┃</u>7`J`î`<sup>≟</sup>`‼aNa
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                         4ReLoad 5
                                           6String 7Direct 8Table 9
                                                                             10Leave 11
```

- This screenshot shows the last string in the strings table
- · That's not the chunk's end though, it is just the string table's end

The remaining bytes are additional triggers inserted by the EUD trigger compiler



- They are a set of conditions and actions that get evaluated during the game loop
- There are trigger conditions that tell you when:
  - A certain time period has elapsed (timers)
  - Player resources reached a certain amount
  - A map location has been reached
  - Etc.
- When all the trigger conditions are fulfilled, then you can do actions such as:
  - Play WAV file
  - Display a message
  - Create, kill, move a unit, etc.
  - Change unit owner and health points
  - Give player resources
  - Etc.



- Triggers are stored inside the map chunk file
- The triggers chunk is simply an array of trigger structs
- Each trigger has an array of the CONDITION and ACTION structures
- The dwPlayer and wType fields are user controlled
  - They are used to read/write out-of-bounds inside an array
- The bOpCode field dictates the trigger condition and action type

```
typedef struct _condition {
            dwPlayer;
                                // stores a player slot or a _player_codes value
    ULONG
            1Quantity:
                                // quantity of whatever -- units, kills, resources, time
    UTYPE
                                // stores a unit type or a unit codes value
            wType;
                                // specifies the comparison operation (less than, greater than, etc.)
            bQualifier;
                                // stores a trigger codes value
            b0pCode;
 CONDITION, *PCONDITION;
typedef struct _action {
                                // a player slot or mission briefing portrait slot
            dwPlayer;
    ULONG
           1Parm:
                                // stores a switch #, timer modification/value
    UTYPE
            wType:
                                // stores a unit code, res code, score code
    UBYTE
                                // stores a _action_codes value
            b0pCode;
                                // specifies the operation modifier
            bQualifier;
    UBYTE
 ACTION, *PACTION;
// trigger struct
typedef struct trigger {
              tConditions[MAX_CONDITIONS];
    ACTION
                tActions[MAX_ACTIONS];
    ULONG
                1Flags:
                ubPlayer[NUM PLAYER CODES];
    UBYTE
    UBYTE
                bCurrAction;
} TRIGGER, *PTRIGGER;
NODEDECL(TRIGGERNODE) {
    TRIGGER
  *PTRIGGERNODE:
```

• The bOpCode field is used to select which condition or action to execute:

```
ConditionFcn sgConditionFcns[NUM CONDITION CODES] = {
   cond_always,
    cond timer,
    cond control,
    cond opponents,
    cond_deaths,
    cond least control,
    cond_least_control_atloc,
    cond least kills,
    cond lowest score,
    cond least_resource,
    cond score,
    cond_always,
    cond_never,
```

```
ActionFcn sgActionFcns[NUM_ACTION_CODES] = {
   act none,
   act_victory,
   act_defeat,
   act doodad,
   act invincible,
   act create unit,
  act_set_deaths,
   act_set_unit_res,
   act_set_hangar,
   act stop timer,
   act start timer,
   act draw,
   act_alliance,
   act_disable_escape,
   act enable escape,
};
```

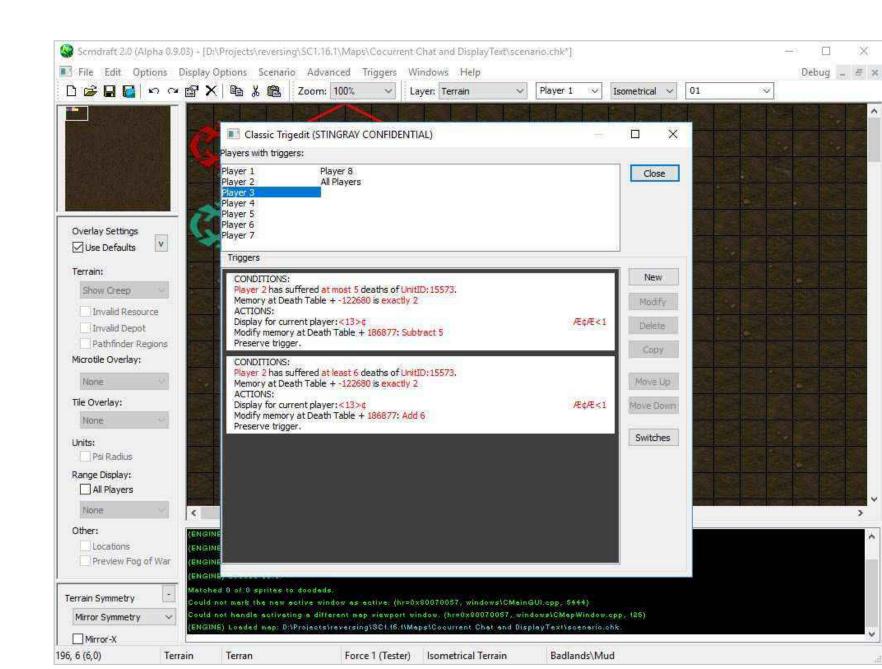
• Each trigger condition is evaluated, then the actions are performed if all conditions succeed:

```
static void trigger_parse(LISTPTR(TRIGGERNODE) pTrigList) {
    // parse the conditions for each trigger
    ITERATELISTPTR(TRIGGERNODE, pTrigList, pTrigger) {
       // has this trigger already executed?
        if (pTrigger->t.1Flags & TF_COMPLETE) continue;
        sqpCurrTrigger = pTrigger;
        if (! (pTrigger->t.lFlags & TF_EXECUTING)) {
            // if the trigger isn't already executing, parse the conditions
            if (! trigger_cond_parse(pTrigger))
            continue; // conditions were not met
pTrigger->t.bCurrAction = 0; // start with action 0
```

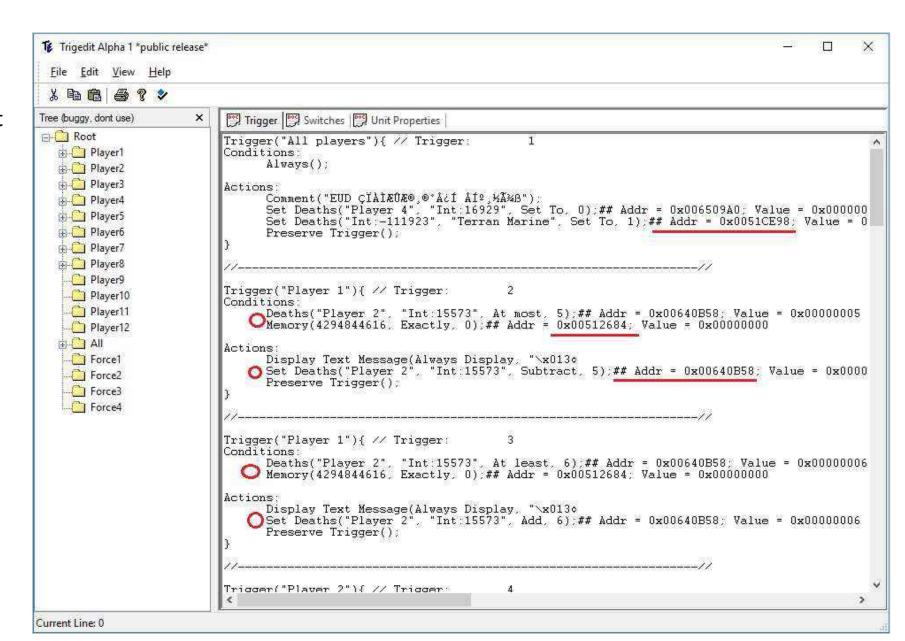
```
static int trigger cond parse(PTRIGGERNODE pTrigger) {
    PCONDITION pCond;
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX CONDITIONS; i++) {
        pCond = &pTrigger->t.tConditions[i];
        // the map editor can be used to disable a condition
       if (pCond->bFlags & CF_DISABLED)
            continue:
       // no condition indicates the end of the list
       if (pCond->bOpCode == COND NONE)
            break;
        // call the function associated with the current condition
       app assert(pCond->bOpCode < NUM_CONDITION_CODES);
       if (sqConditionFcns[pCond->bOpCode](pCond))
           continue:
        // one condition failed -- no need to check the rest
        return FALSE;
    // all conditions were met
    return TRUE;
} « end trigger cond parse »
```

```
static void trigger_execute(PTRIGGERNODE pTrigger) {
   // execute trigger actions until an action doesn't complete
   int result = 1:
   while (result && (pTrigger->t.bCurrAction < MAX_ACTIONS)) {
       pAct = &pTrigger->t.tActions[pTrigger->t.bCurrAction];
        // no action indicates the end of the list
       if (pAct->bOpCode == ACT_NONE) {
           pTrigger->t.bCurrAction = MAX_ACTIONS;
           break:
       // call the action function
       app assert(pAct->bOpCode < NUM ACTION CODES)
       result = sqActionFcns[pAct->bOpCode](pAct);
       if (result) {
           pTrigger->t.bCurrAction++;
 w end trigger execute w
```

- Classic (visual) trigger editor (SCMDraft 2.0 – by Henrik Arlinghaus)
- Note the large values:
  - UnitID
  - Death table index
  - Etc.



- Text trigger editor
- A private build of SCMDraft shows the EUD overflow addresses



- The buffer overflow bug in question is found in the "Extended Unit Death" trigger code:
  - The death\_count() trigger condition
    - → Read anywhere primitive
  - The set/add/sub\_death\_count() trigger <u>action</u>
    - → Write anywhere primitive
- Triggers are read as-is from the chunk file and stored in a doubly-linked list:

```
static BOOL CALLBACK maphdr_TRIG(HCHUNK hChunk, DWORD dwSize, LPARAM data) {
   if (dwSize % sizeof(TRIGGER)) return false;
   PTRIGGER pTrigBuf = (PTRIGGER)ALLOCTEMP(dwSize);
   if (!ReadChunk(hChunk, pTrigBuf)) {
       FREE(pTrigBuf);
       return false;
   }
   PTRIGGER pTrigger = pTrigBuf;
   int nTriggers = dwSize / sizeof(TRIGGER);
   for (int n = 0; n < nTriggers; n++, pTrigger++) {
       if(!AddTrigger(pTrigger))
            break;
   }
   FREE(pTrigBuf);
   return true;
}</pre>
```

• A death condition with out-of-bounds unit type (wType) or player number (dwPlayer) causes the <u>read anywhere</u> primitive

```
ULONG death_count(DWORD dwPlayer, UWORD wType, ULONG) {
    app assert(dwPlayer < NUM_PLAYER_CODES);
    switch (dwPlayer) {
        case PLYR THIS:
            dwPlayer = TriggerPlayer();
        break:
        case PLYR NAVA:
        case PLYR UNUSED1:
        case PLYR UNUSED2:
        case PLYR_UNUSED3:
        case PLYR UNUSED4:
        return 0:
        default:
            // dwPlayer is not a special code -- advance to next switch
        break;
    switch (wType) {
        case UNITS ALL:
        return s.glGameCounts[COU_LOST_MEN][dwPlayer] + s.glGameCounts[COU_LOST_BLOGS][dwPlayer];
        case UNITS MEN:
        return s.glGameCounts[COU_LOST_MEN][dwPlayer];
        case UNITS BLDGS:
        return s.glGameCounts[COU_LOST_BLDGS][dwPlayer];
                                                                            00460446 loc 460446:
                                                                                                                       ; CODE XREF: death count+211j
                                                                                                          eax, [eax+eax*2]
                                                                             00460446
        case UNITS FACTORIES:
        return s.glGameCounts[COU_LOST_FACTORIES][dwPlayer];
                                                                            00460449
                                                                                                          ecx, [ecx+eax*4]
                                                                                                          eax, (g s.glUnitCounts+8040h)[ecx*4]
                                                                            0046044C
                                                                                                 mov
                                                                             00460453
                                                                            00460453 locret 460453:
} « end death count »
                                                                             00460453
                                                                                                 retn
```

- A set death action causes a <u>write anywhere</u> and provide the following primitives:
  - [mem] += IQuantity
  - [mem] -= IQuantity
  - [mem] = IQuantity

```
static int act_set_deaths(PACTION pAct) {
    app_assert(pAct->bQualifier < NUM_QUALIFIER_CODES);
    switch (pAct->bQualifier) {
        case QUAL_SET:
            set_deaths(pAct->dwPlayer, pAct->wType, pAct->lParm);
        break;

        case QUAL_ADD_TO;
            add_deaths(pAct->dwPlayer, pAct->wType, pAct->lParm);
        break;

        case QUAL_SUB_FROM:
            sub_deaths(pAct->dwPlayer, pAct->wType, pAct->lParm);
        break;
    }
    return 1;
}
```

```
004C5EBD lea ecx, [ecx+ecx*2]
004C5EC0 lea edx, [eax+ecx*4]
004C5EC3 mov eax, [ebp+lQuantity]
004C5EC6 mov (g_s.glUnitCounts+8040h)[edx*4], eax
```

```
static ULONG set deaths(DWORD dwPlayer, UTYPE wType, ULONG 1Quantity) {
    app assert(dwPlayer < NUM PLAYER CODES);
    switch (dwPlayer) {
                            return nava enum(dwPlayer, wType, lQuantity, set deaths);
        case PLYR NAVA:
        case PLYR FOES:
                            return foes_enum(dwPlayer, wType, lQuantity, set_deaths);
                            return allies_enum(dwPlayer, wType, lQuantity, set_deaths);
        case PLYR_ALLIES:
        case PLYR NEUTRALS: return neutrals enum(dwPlayer, wType, 10uantity, set deaths);
        case PLYR_ALL:
                            return all enum(dwPlayer, wType, 10uantity, set deaths);
        case PLYR GROUP A:
        case PLYR_GROUP_B:
        case PLYR GROUP C:
                            return group_enum(dwPlayer, wType, 1Quantity, set_deaths);
        case PLYR GROUP D:
        case PLYR UNUSED1:
        case PLYR_UNUSED2:
        case PLYR UNUSED3:
        case PLYR UNUSED4: return 0;
        case PLYR THIS:
            dwPlayer = TriggerPlayer();
        break:
        default:
           // dwPlayer is not a special code -- advance to next switch
        break:
    } « end switch dwPlayer »
    // dwPlayer is valid -- give resource to specified player
    if (dwPlayer >= NET MAX NODES)
        return 0:
    switch (wType) {
        case UNITS BLDGS:
           s.glGameCounts[COU LOST BLDGS][dwPlayer] = 10uantity;
        break;
        case UNITS_FACTORIES:
            s.glGameCounts[COU LOST FACTORIES][dwPlayer] = 10uantity;
        break:
        default:
            s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][wType][dwPlayer] = 1Quantity;
        break:
    return 0;
 « end set deaths »
```

• An example of EUD triggers found inside an EUD map:

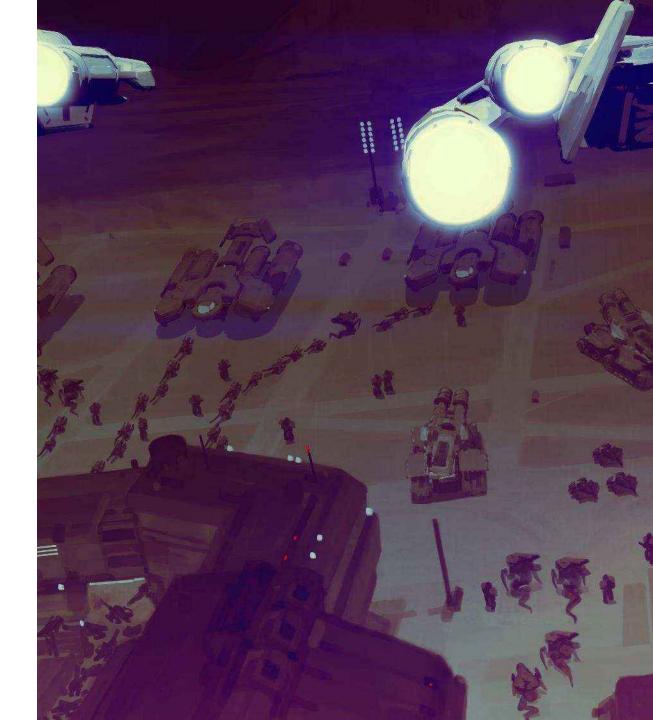
```
Trigger("All players"){ // Trigger:
                                     107
Conditions:
   Deaths("Player 11", "Terran Marine", At least, 134217728);## Addr = 0x0058A38C; Value = 0x08000000
Actions:
   Set Deaths("Player 11", "Terran Marine", Subtract, 134217728);## Addr = 0x0058A38C; Value = 0x08000000
   Set Deaths("Current Player", "Terran Marine", Add, 134217728);## Addr = 0x0058A398; Value = 0x08000000
//-----//
Trigger("All players"){ // Trigger:
Conditions:
   Deaths("Player 11", "Terran Marine", At least, 67108864);## Addr = 0x0058A38C; Value = 0x04000000
Actions:
   Set Deaths("Player 11", "Terran Marine", Subtract, 67108864);## Addr = 0x0058A38C; Value = 0x04000000
   Set Deaths("Current Player", "Terran Marine", Add, 67108864);## Addr = 0x0058A398; Value = 0x04000000
     -----//
Trigger("All players"){ // Trigger:
                                 109
Conditions:
   Deaths("Player 11", "Terran Marine", At least, 33554432);## Addr = 0x0058A38C; Value = 0x02000000
Actions:
   Set Deaths("Player 11", "Terran Marine", Subtract, 33554432);## Addr = 0x0058A38C; Value = 0x02000000
   Set Deaths("Current Player", "Terran Marine", Add, 33554432);## Addr = 0x0058A398; Value = 0x02000000
```

# EUD map emulation – Problem statement

- Given a StarCraft map that contains malformed input that triggers a read/write anywhere:
  - Is there is a way to emulate the buffer overflow in a newer game version where:
    - The buffer overflow bug is fixed
    - Some addresses no longer exist in the new game version
    - Some addresses refer to new/different data structure format

?

 Can the emulator work on different architectures and operating systems?



### Three steps solution

#### 1. Identify

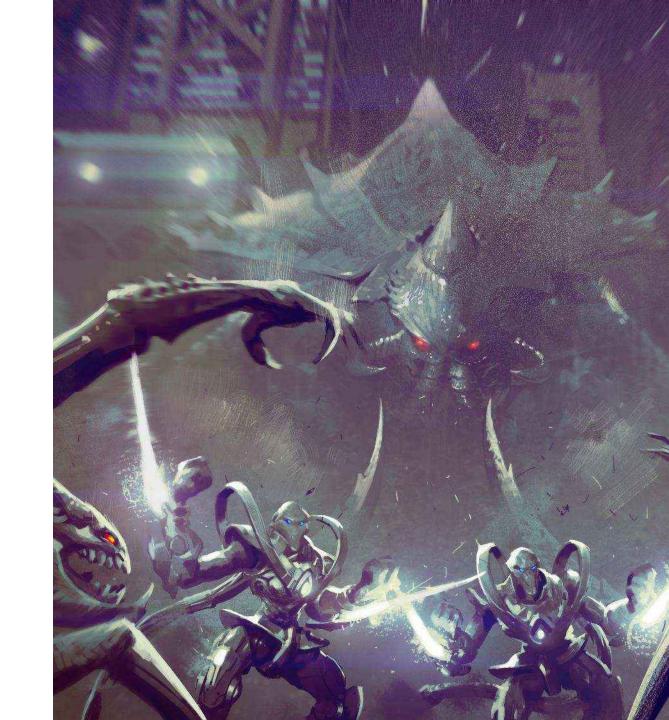
- Identify / trace all the addresses used by an EUD map
- Build a table of the addresses and identify what they represent in the game source code

#### 2. Intercept

- Intercept all out-of-bounds access
- Redirect access using a translation table
  - Old address → New address

#### 3. Emulate

- 1. Missing memory addresses should be handled by code
- 2. Dangerous memory changes should be filtered / changed accordingly (pointers, function callbacks, etc.)



### Implementation challenges

#### 1. Identify

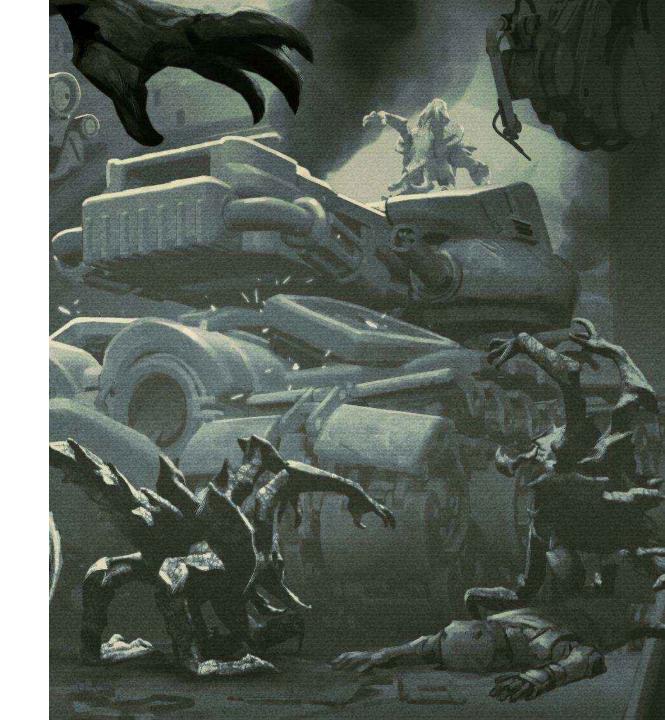
- Unfortunately, we did not have private or public symbols for StarCraft 1.16.1. I had to start reversing the game executable from scratch
- How can I tell what addresses the maps are accessing?
- What is the goal/intent behind a memory access?

#### 2. Intercept

1. No problems here. Luckily, we can funnel all the out-of-bounds read/writes to the emulation layer

#### 3. Emulate

- 1. Handle basic memory access emulation
- 2. Emulate addresses that are no longer present
- 3. Emulate incompatible structure types



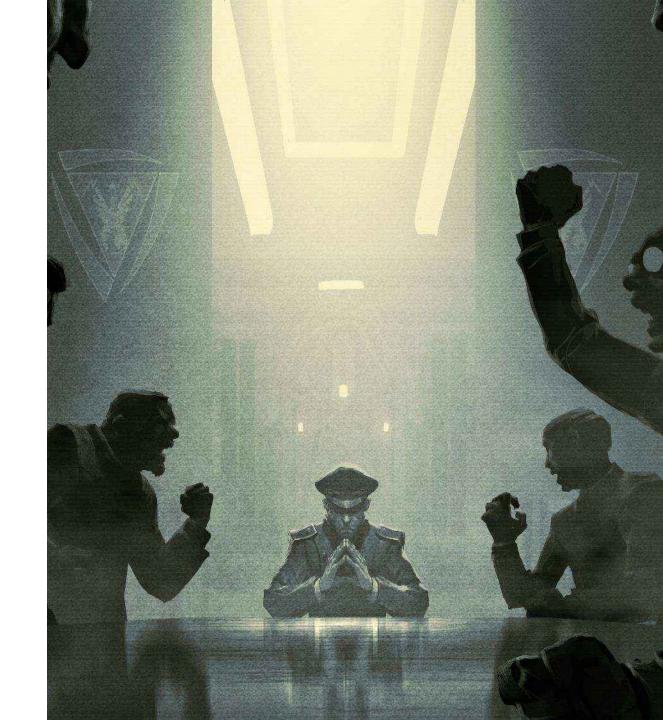
# Identify – Reversing the game /1

- 1. Reverse engineering efforts were impeded by the lack of debugging symbols:
  - Reverse engineered the game client from scratch
  - Used the closest source code snapshot for 1.16.1
  - Found the right compiler (VS 2003) and the approximate optimization switches
    - Now I have debugging symbols for a binary that is very close to the public build
- 2. I used binary diffing plugins for IDA Pro
  - 1. PatchDiff2 Tenable Network Security, Inc
  - 2. Diaphora <a href="http://diaphora.re/">http://diaphora.re/</a>



# Identify – Reversing the game /2

- Binary diffing was limited:
  - Mismatched functions between the diffed binaries
  - Global variables were not identified
  - Optimized code and inlined functions made diffing harder
- Resorted to manual reverse engineering to bridge the limitations from BinDiffing
- Used scripting to automate the reversing task
  - Lots of IDAPython scripting was involved



Source code vs Disassembly view

```
// returns TRUE if trigger is completed
                                                                                  ×
                                                                                                          IDA View-A
                                                                                                                                                         Recent scripts
static void trigger execute(PTRIGGERNODE pTrigger
                                                                                       .text:00489130 ; void usercall trigger execute(z TRIGGERNODE *pTrigger@<esi>)
                                                                      Symbol Name v
    PACTION pAct;
                                                                                       text:00489130 public trigger execute
                                                         .text:00489130 trigger_execute proc near
    pTrigger->t.1Flags |= TF EXECUTING;
                                                         ===== ---
                                                                      Symbol
                                                                                       text:00489130 ; CODE XREF: trigger parse:loc 489488↓p
                                                         edx, [esi+z TRIGGERNODE.t.lFlags]
                                                                                      .text:00489130 mov
    // if this is a victory trigger, there may be a dela
                                                                      🛨 🥵 tree desc
    if (pTrigger->t.lFlags & TF_VICTORY)
                                                                                                             edx, TF EXECUTING
                                                                                      .text:00489136 or
        sgbVictoryCodes[sgdwTriggerPlayer] = CODE_DELAYE
                                                                       tree desc
                                                                                      .text:00489139 mov
                                                                                                             eax, edx
                                                                        • tree_desc
                                                                                      .text:0048913B
    // execute trigger actions until an action doesn't c
                                                                        • tree_desc
                                                                                      .text:0048913B test
                                                                                                             al. TF VICTORY
    int result = 1:
                                                                                      .text:0048913D mov
                                                                                                             [esi+z TRIGGERNODE.t.lFlags], edx

■ TREPLAYI

    while (result && (pTrigger->t.bCurrAction < MAX_ACT)</pre>
                                                                                      .text:00489143
                                                                        TREPULSE
        pAct = &pTrigger->t.tActions[pTrigger->t.bCurrAc
                                                                                      .text:00489143 iz
                                                                                                             short loc 489151
                                                                      // the map editor can be used to disable actions
                                                                                      .text:00489143
                                                                        TResNode
        if (pAct->bFlags & AF_DISABLED) {
                                                          .text:00489145 mov
                                                                                                             eax, sgdwTriggerPlayer
                                                                        TResNode
            // skip this action
                                                                                      .text:0048914A
                                                         → TResNode
            pTrigger->t.bCurrAction++;
                                                                                      .text:0048914A mov
                                                                                                             sgbVictoryCodes[eax], CODE DELAYED VICTORY
            continue;
                                                                       ---(t TRIGGER
                                                                                      .text:0048914A
                                                         🛨 🌝 _trigger
                                                                                      .text:00489151
                                                                        _trigger::k
                                                                                      .text:00489151 loc 489151:; CODE XREF: trigger execute+13<sup>†</sup>j
        // no action indicates the end of the list
                                                                       if (pAct->bOpCode == ACT NONE) {
                                                         Tareno.
                                                                                      .text:00489151 mov
                                                                                                             eax, 1
            pTrigger->t.bCurrAction = MAX_ACTIONS;
                                                                        _trigger::t
                                                         .text:00489156 imp
                                                                                                             short @@loop start
            break;
                                                         -
                                                                       _trigger::t
                                                                                      .text:00489156
                                                                        🍑 _trigger::u
                                                                                      .text:00489156 :
                                                         ----
                                                                        TriggerPla
                                                                                      .text:00489158 align 10h
        // call the action function
                                                         TriggerPli
                                                                                      .text:00489160
        app assert(pAct->bOpCode < NUM ACTION CODES):</pre>
        result = sgActionFcns[pAct->bOpCode](pAct);
                                                                                      .text:00489160 @@loop start:; CODE XREF: trigger execute+261j
                                                                        trigger al
        if (result) {
                                                        ____
                                                                                      .text:00489160 ; trigger execute+79↓j
                                                                        trigger_al
            pTrigger->t.bCurrAction++;
                                                         ____
                                                                                      .text:00489160 mov
                                                                                                             dl, [esi+z TRIGGERNODE.t.bCurrAction]
                                                                        trigger_cc
                                                        ----
                                                                                      .text:00489166 cmp
                                                                                                             dl, MAX ACTIONS
                                                                        🐻 trigger_e
   } « end while result&&(pTrigger->t.... »
                                                                                      .text:00489169 jnb
                                                                                                             short @@ret z
                                                                        📧 trigger_fre
                                                        ----
                                                                                      .text:00489169
    // are we done with this trigger?
                                                        programme .....
                                                                        trigger fre
    if (pTrigger->t.bCurrAction < MAX ACTIONS)</pre>
                                                                                      .text:0048916B movzx
                                                                                                             ecx, dl
                                                                        * TRIGGER
        return;
                                                         .text:0048916E shl
                                                                        📧 trigger_pa
                                                                                                             [ecx+esi+z TRIGGERNODE.t.tActions.bFlags], AF DISABLED
                                                                                      .text:00489171 test
                                                                        TrimGam
    // if this trigger paused the game, but never unpaus
                                                                                      .text:00489179 lea
                                                                                                             ecx, [ecx+esi+z TRIGGERNODE.t.tActions]; act
    if (pTrigger->t.lFlags & TF_PAUSED)
                                                                        TrimGam
                                                                                      .text:00489180 iz
                                                                                                             short loc 48918C
        saActionFcns[ACT UNPAUSE GAME](NULL);
                                                                        TrimGam
                                                         .text:00489180

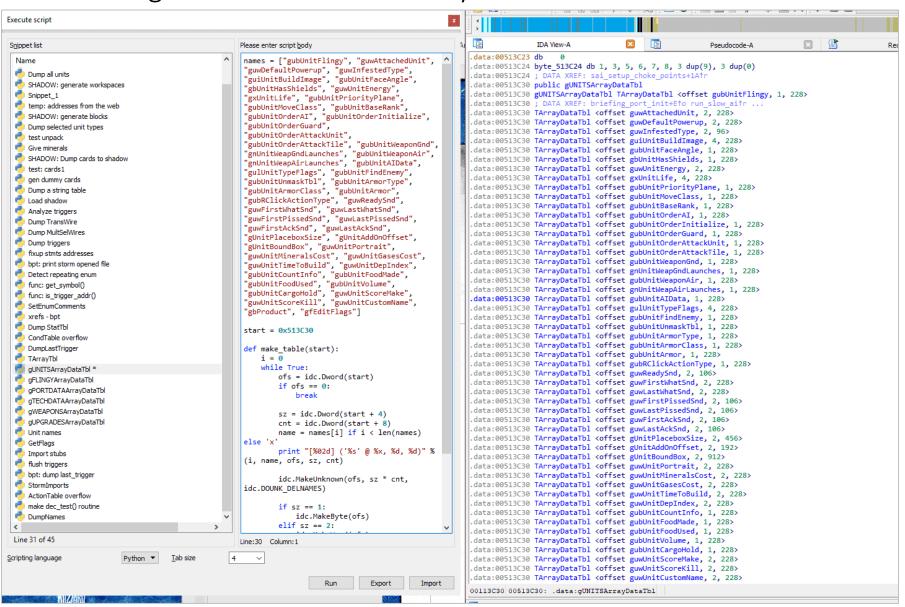
▼ TrimGam

                                                         ----
                                                                                      .text:00489182 inc
    // reset the trigger appropriately
                                                         -
                                                                       --₩ TRUE
    if (pTrigger->t.lFlags & TF_KEEP_TRIGGER) {
                                                                                      .text:00489184 mov
                                                                                                             [esi+z TRIGGERNODE.t.bCurrAction], dl
                                                         -
        pTrigger->t.bCurrAction = 0;
                                                                       TRUE
                                                                                                             short loc 4891A7
                                                                                      .text:0048918A jmp
                                                         ____
    fgp.patch 1.05 begin
                                                                       TRUE
                                                                                      .text:0048918A
        pTrigger->t.1Flags &= ~(TF EXECUTING | TF ABORTE
                                                                       # TRY
                                                                                      .text:0048918C
    fgp.patch 1.05 end
                                                         ----
                                                                                      .text:0048918C
                                                                        TryAbort(
                                                                                      .text:0048918C loc 48918C:; CODE XREF: trigger execute+50fi
                                                                        ■ TrvAbort(
    else {
        pTrigger->t.1Flags |= TF_COMPLETE;
                                                                                      .text:0048918C mov
                                                                                                             al, [ecx+ action.bOpCode]
                                                                        TRYFREE
                                                                                      .text:0048918F test
                                                                                                             al, al
                                                                        TrvNextO
  « end trigger_execute »
                                                                                      .text:00489191 jz
                                                                                                             short @@no opcode
                                                                        TrvNextO
```

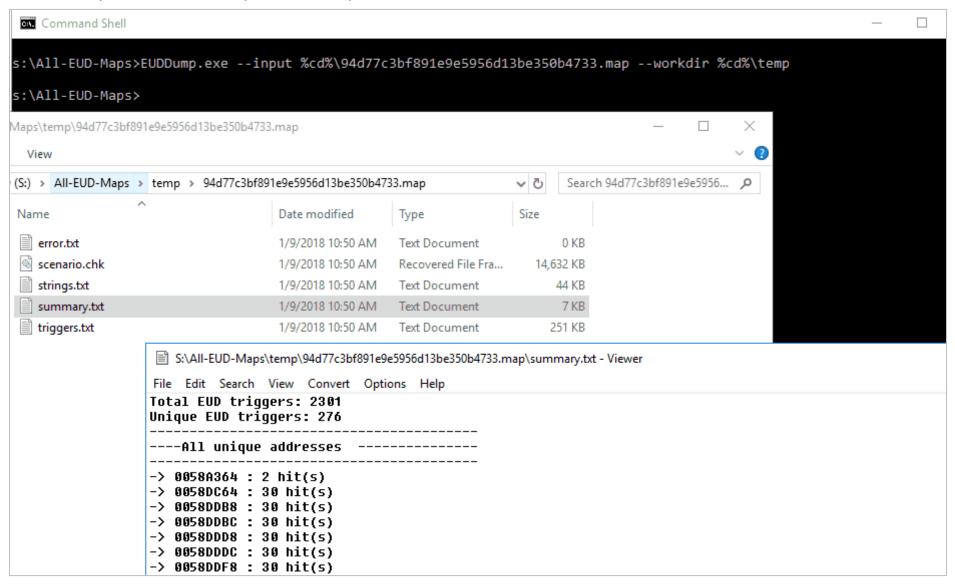
### Source code vs Hex-Rays pseudo-code

```
static woid trigger execute(PTRIGGERNODE pTrigger) {
                                                                                       void usercall trigger execute(z TRIGGERNODE *pTrigger@<esi>)
   PACTION pAct:
                                                                                         unsigned int32 trig flag; // eax
   pTrigger->t.1Flags |= TF_EXECUTING;
                                                                      THE ST
                                                                                         int ok: // eax
                                                                      E SEED YOU
                                                                                         unsigned __int8 bCurAction; // dl
   // if this is a victory trigger, there may be a delayed victory whil
   if (pTrigger->t.1Flags & TF_VICTORY)
                                                                                         int iAction; // ecx
       sqbVictoryCodes[sqdwTriqqerPlayer] = CODE DELAYED VICTORY;
                                                                                         bool b disabled; // zf
                                                                                         action *act; // ecx
                                                                      Teste Brown
   // execute trigger actions until an action doesn't complete
                                                                      unsigned int8 bOpCode; // al
   int result = 1:
                                                                       unsigned int fl; // eax
   while (result && (pTrigger->t.bCurrAction < MAX_ACTIONS)) {
       pAct = &pTrigger->t.tActions[pTrigger->t.bCurrAction];
                                                                      The Transport
                                                                                         trig flag = pTrigger->t.lFlags | TF_EXECUTING;
       // the map editor can be used to disable actions
                                                                                         pTrigger->t.lFlags = trig flag;
                                                                                   13
       if (pAct->bFlags & AF DISABLED) {
                                                                       5.40
                                                                                   9 14
                                                                                         if ( trig flag & TF VICTORY )
           // skip this action
                                                                      - -
                                                                                           sgbVictoryCodes[sgdwTriggerPlayer] = CODE DELAYED VICTORY;
          pTrigger->t.bCurrAction++:
          continue;
                                                                                    16
                                                                                   9 17
                                                                                         ok = 1;
                                                                      18
                                                                                         do
       // no action indicates the end of the list
                                                                                    19
       if (pAct->bOpCode == ACT NONE) (
           pTrigger->t.bCurrAction = MAX_ACTIONS;
                                                                                           bCurAction = pTrigger->t.bCurrAction;
                                                                       20
          break;
                                                                      Carrier,
                                                                                           if ( bCurAction >= (unsigned int8)MAX ACTIONS )
                                                                                   22
                                                                                             break:
                                                                      ----
                                                                                    23
      // call the action function
                                                                      Samuel .
                                                                                   24
                                                                                           iAction = bCurAction:
       app_assert(pAct->bOpCode < NUM_ACTION_CODES);</pre>
       result = sgActionFcns[pAct->bOpCode](pAct);
                                                                                   25
                                                                                           b disabled = (pTrigger->t.tActions[iAction].bFlags & AF DISABLED) == offsetof(z TRIGGERNODE, m link);
       if (result) {
                                                                                   26
                                                                                           act = &pTrigger->t.tActions[iAction];
          pTrigger->t.bCurrAction++;
                                                                      27
                                                                                           if ( b disabled )
                                                                                    28
  3 « end while result&&(pTrigger->t.... »
                                                                      -
                                                                                   29
                                                                                             bOpCode = act->bOpCode;
   // are we done with this trigger?
                                                                      STATE ....
                                                                                   9 30
                                                                                             if ( !bOpCode )
   if (pTrigger->t.bCurrAction < MAX_ACTIONS)
                                                                                    31
                                                                                   32
                                                                                               pTrigger->t.bCurrAction = MAX ACTIONS;
                                                                                               break:
   // if this trigger paused the game, but never unpaused, we want to u
   if (pTrigger->t.1Flags & TF PAUSED)
                                                                                    34
       sgActionFcns[ACT_UNPAUSE_GAME](NULL);
                                                                                             ok = sgActionFcns[b0pCode]();
                                                                                   35
                                                                                   36
                                                                                             if ( !ok )
   // reset the trigger appropriately
                                                                      35 F.F.
                                                                                   37
                                                                                               break:
   if (pTrigger->t.1Flags & TF_KEEP_TRIGGER) {
                                                                      STATES ...
       pTrigger->t.bCurrAction = 0;
                                                                                   9 38
                                                                                             ++pTrigger->t.bCurrAction;
   fgp.patch 1.05 begin
                                                                                    39
       pTrigger->t.1Flags &= ~(TF_EXECUTING | TF_ABORTED | TF_NO_ABORT)
                                                                                    40
                                                                                           else
   fgp.patch 1.05 end
                                                                                    41
                                                                                             pTrigger->t.bCurrAction = bCurAction + 1;
                                                                                   42
   else
       pTrigger->t.lFlags |= TF_COMPLETE;
                                                                                    43
 w end trigger_execute w
                                                                                         while ( ok );
                                                                                         if ( pTrigger->t.bCurrAction >= (unsigned int8)MAX ACTIONS )
```

# Automating data structure recovery



- StarCraft Remastered collects game telemetry (including map information, etc.)
- As of October 2017, we had around ~603,773 total unique maps played
  - Of which 17,916 were EUD maps (i.e. contained out of bounds indices)
- After I managed to reverse engineer enough of the game, I wrote a tool to process all the maps, identify EUD maps and dump the out-of-bounds EUD addresses



- After aggregating the unique EUD addresses across all of the 17k EUD maps, I ended up with around ~800 variables used by popular EUD maps
- I wrote an IDAPython script to emit a table for all the unique addresses, their names and sizes

```
'guiUnitBuildImage",
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                                         'ida name
                                                       gubUnitWeaponAir", 'flags': 0},
                                                       'gUnitBoundBox", 'flags': 0},
                    'size': 0x00000720,
                                                       gubUnitArmorClass", 'flags': 0},
                    'size': 0x000000E4.
                                                       gubUnitOrderInitialize", 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00662268,
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                    'size': 0x00000390.
                                                       gxUnitLife", 'flags': 0},
                                                       'gUnitPlaceboxSize", 'flags': 0},
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                                                       gubRClickActionType", 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00661518,
addr': 0x006647B0.
                                                       gbUnitHasShields', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x0065FC18,
                                         'ida name'
                                                       gnUnitWeapAirLaunches', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x0065FD00,
                    'size': 0x000001C8,
                                                       guwUnitGasesCost', 'flags': 0},
       0x0065FFB0,
                    'size': 0x000001C8,
                                         'ida name'
                                                       guwFirstWhatSnd', 'flags': 0},
                    'size': 0x000000E4.
                                                       gubUnitAIData', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00660178,
                                         'ida name'
addr': 0x00660260,
                    'size': 0x000001C8,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwUnitCustomName', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00660428.
                    'size': 0x000001C8.
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwUnitTimeToBuild', 'flags': 0},
       0x006606D8,
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       gbProduct', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x006607C0,
                    'size': 0x000001C8,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwAttachedUnit', 'flags': 0},
                                          'ida name'
       0x00660988.
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                                                       gubUnitCargoHold', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00660A70,
                    'size': 0x000001C8,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwUnitDepIndex', 'flags': 0},
       0x00660C38,
                    'size': 0x000001C8,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwDefaultPowerup', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00660E00.
                    'size': 0x000001C8,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwUnitEnergy', 'flags': 0},
                                                       gubUnitMoveClass', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00660FC8,
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                                          'ida name'
addr': 0x00661440,
                    'size': 0x000000D4,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwLastAckSnd', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00661EE8,
                    'size': 0x000000D4,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwLastPissedSnd', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00661FC0, 'size': 0x000000D4,
                                                       guwReadySnd', 'flags': 0},
                                          'ida name'
                                                       gUnitAddOnOffset', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x006626E0,
                    'size': 0x00000180,
                                          'ida name'
addr': 0x00662BF0.
                    'size': 0x000001C8.
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwLastWhatSnd', 'flags': 0},
                                                       guwUnitScoreMake', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00663408,
                    'size': 0x000001C8,
                                          'ida name'
addr': 0x006635D0.
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                                                       gubUnitArmorType', 'flags': 0},
                                         'ida name'
'addr': 0x00663888,
                    'size': 0x000001C8,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwUnitMineralsCost', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00663B38,
                    'size': 0x000000D4,
                                         'ida name'
                                                       guwFirstPissedSnd', 'flags': 0},
                                                       guwFirstAckSnd', 'flags': 0},
'addr': 0x00663C10,
                    'size': 0x000000D4,
                                          'ida name'
addr': 0x00663DD0.
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                                                       gubUnitBaseRank', 'flags': 0},
                                         'ida name'
'addr': 0x00663EB8,
                    'size': 0x000001C8,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       guwUnitScoreKill', 'flags': 0},
addr': 0x00664410,
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                                         'ida name'
                                                       gubUnitVolume', 'flags': 0},
'addr': 0x006645E0,
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                                          'ida name'
                                                       gnUnitWeapGndLaunches', 'flags': 0},
'addr': 0x006646C8.
                    'size': 0x000000E4,
                                         'ida name
                                                       gubUnitFoodMade', 'flags': 0},
'addr': 0x00664980, 'size': 0x000000C0,
                                         'ida name'
                                                       guwInfestedType', 'flags': 0},
```

- Static address discovery was not enough:
  - Some EUD maps were dereferencing pointers and reaching into the heap
  - Some structures are complicated and linked to other structures (linked lists, TCtrl\*, TDialog\*, etc.)
- Need more tools:
  - I realized the need for a dynamic EUD address tracer
  - I also needed a way to single step / debug triggers
- I developed an EUDTracer, a DLL that hooks the game and instruments all the relevant trigger handling code



The instrumented game binary calls into the tracer DLL upon each read/write

```
.text:004C5EBC 90
                                       nop
                                               ecx, [ecx+ecx*2]
text:004C5EBD 8D 0C 49
                                       lea
                                               eax, [ebp+lQuantity]
.text:004C5EC3 8B 45 08
                                       mov
text:004CSEC6 89 04 95 64 A3 58 00
                                                g s.glUnitCounts+80
                                                                       [edx*4], eax
.text:004C5EC6
.text:004C5ECD
                                       loc 4C5ECD:
.text:004C5ECD
                                                                      ; CODE XREF: set death
                                                                      : set deaths+EB1i ...
.text:004C5ECD
                                       call
                                               hook set deaths
.text:004C5ECD E8 FE 61 22 00
```

```
text:00460446
text:00460446
                                      loc 460446:
                                                                     ; CODE XREF: death cou
                                              eax, [eax+eax*2]
                                                                     ; jumptable 004603A7 d
text:00460446 8D 04 40
                                                                       bpt cond deaths:addr
text:00460449 8D 0C 81
                                              ecx, [ecx+eax*4]
text:0046044C 8B 04 8D 64 A3 58 00
                                               eax, [ecx*4+58A364]
                                                                     : cond deaths: symbol
                                       mov
text:00460453
text:00460453
                                      loc 460453:
                                              trace death count
text:00460453 E8 F8 BC 28 00
```

```
static void install_tracer_hooks()

{
   HOOK_PTR(EHI_COND_PARSE) = (DWORD)trigger_cond_parse;
   HOOK_PTR(EHI_TRIG_EXEC) = (DWORD)trigger_execute;
   HOOK_PTR(EHI_SET_DEATHS) = (DWORD)eud_act_set_deaths;
   HOOK_PTR(EHI_SUB_DEATHS) = (DWORD)eud_act_sub_deaths;
   HOOK_PTR(EHI_ADD_DEATHS) = (DWORD)eud_act_add_deaths;
   HOOK_PTR(EHI_COND_DEATH_COUNT) = (DWORD)eud_cond_deaths;
   HOOK_PTR(EHI_TRIGGERS_LOOP) = (DWORD)eud_triggers_loop;
}
```

- The Python table containing EUD addresses is passed to a source code generator to emit C code and tables
- The tracer uses that table to account for memory access

```
eud itemdef t eud items[EUD ITEM COUNT] =
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x0068C1F0, 0x00000004, sgpStatDataDlg),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x0068C234, 0x000000004, sgpStatResDlg).
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x0059CB5C, 0x00000004, sgpMinimapDlg),
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x0068C140, 0x000000004, sgpTextBoxDlg),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x0068C148, 0x00000004, sgpStatCmdDlg),
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x0068C224, 0x00000004, sgpStatMiscDlg),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00666570, 0x000000205, gubSpriteCanBeHit),
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x00628458, 0x000000004, gfpMtxSet),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x006645E0, 0x0000000E4, gnUnitWeapGndLaunches),
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x0065FC18, 0x000000E4, gnUnitWeapAirLaunches),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x006CEFF8, 0x0000004B0, gbInvalMap),
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x006D1260, 0x000000004, gpSquareMap),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x006CA240, 0x000000D1, gubFlingyMinBank),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x006D5EC8, 0x00000004, gpMtxInfo),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00628444, 0x000000004, gfpCellBuf),
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x00628494, 0x000000004, gfpCellMap),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x004FF900, 0x0000000C, szLastReplayDesc),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x0041E0D0, 0x000000004, addr_0041E0D0),
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x00655C58, 0x0000001B8, gszFidgetSmk),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00655E80, 0x0000001B8, gszTalkSmk),
```

- When the game loads an EUD map, the tracer
   DLL intercepts all out-of-bounds access
- Any unknown address triggers a breakpoint for further analysis and identification
- After I identify an unknown address, I add it to the Python table which is used to update the tracer's EUD items table

```
void __stdcall eud_act_set_deaths(
    uint32_t val,
    uint32_t idx)
{
    inc_perf_counter(CT_SET_DEATH);

    DWORD addr = MAKE_EUD_ADDR_IDX(idx);
    auto eud = eud_get_item(addr, val, 1);

    if (eud == nullptr)
    {
        DBG_OUT("<Addr %08x: set_deaths; val: %08X>\n", addr, val);

        BPT_ONCE;
    }
}
```

```
void __stdcall eud_cond_deaths(
    uint32_t val,
    uint32_t idx)
{
    inc_perf_counter(CT_COND_DEATHS);

    DWORD addr = MAKE_EUD_ADDR_IDX(idx);

    auto eud = eud_get_item(addr, val, -2);

    if (eud == nullptr)
    {
        DBG_OUT("<Addr %08x: cond_deaths; val: %08X>\n", addr, val);
        BPT_ONCE;
    }
}
```

 The tracer's main role is to guarantee that all the addresses referred to from the EUD map are accounted for

```
void eud_init_dynamic_items()
{
    // Get Storm base
    g_storm_base = (uint32_t)GetModuleHandleA("storm.dll");

    DBG_OUT("Initializing dynamic EUD items....\n");

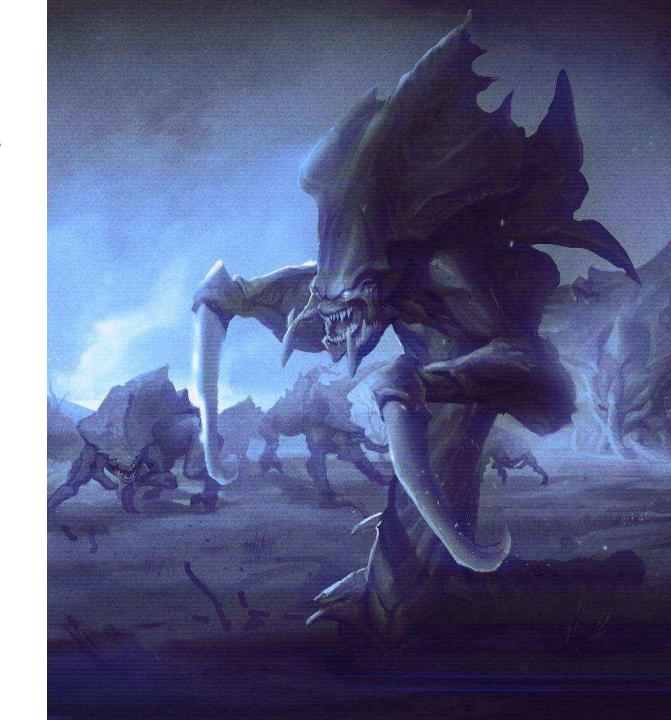
    init_stringmap();
    init_stattxt();
    init_repulse_map();
    init_triggers_list();

    init_mpq_freeze(EUD_ITEM_DBG_MPQ_FREEZE);
    init_storm(EUD_ITEM_DBG_STORM_FLAGS);
    init_scripts();
    init_groups();
    init_graphics();
    init_overlaytrans();
}
```

```
void init triggers list()
    std::set<TRIGGERNODE *> visited:
    TSList_TRIGGERNODE *pTriggerList = sc_p_sgTriggers;
    for (int iPlayer = 0; iPlayer < NET_MAX_NODES; ++iPlayer, ++pTriggerList)</pre>
        DBG_OUT("trigger list %d: %0x\n", iPlayer, pTriggerList);
        TRIGGERNODE *next = pTriggerList->m terminator.m next;
        for (int iTrig = 0;; ++iTrig)
            uint32_t trig_addr = uint32_t(next);
            // Terminal?
            if ((trig_addr & 0x1) != 0)
                break:
            // Detect circular
            if (visited.find(next) != std::end(visited))
                DBG_OUT("found circular dependency for %p in %d.%d\n", next, iPlayer, iTrig);
                break;
            // Format the trigger name
            char trig str[90];
            _snprintf_s(trig_str, _countof(trig_str), "trig%02d_%05d", iPlayer, iTrig);
            auto trig = eud_insert_item(trig_addr, trig_str, sizeof(TRIGGERNODE));
            trig->flags |= EIF_SRC_TRIGGERS | EIF_IS_DYNAMIC | EIF_DYNAMIC_NAME;
            visited.insert(next);
            next = next->m_link.m_next;
```

# Identify – More debugging tools

- Having a way to record all accessed EUD addresses was not enough to understand the intent behind the access
- I had no real way to debug an EUD map:
  - I needed a way to nicely represent an EUD address
  - I needed to single step after each trigger
  - I needed a way to convert a series of read/write primitives to pseudo-code



# Identify – EUD address to symbolic name /1

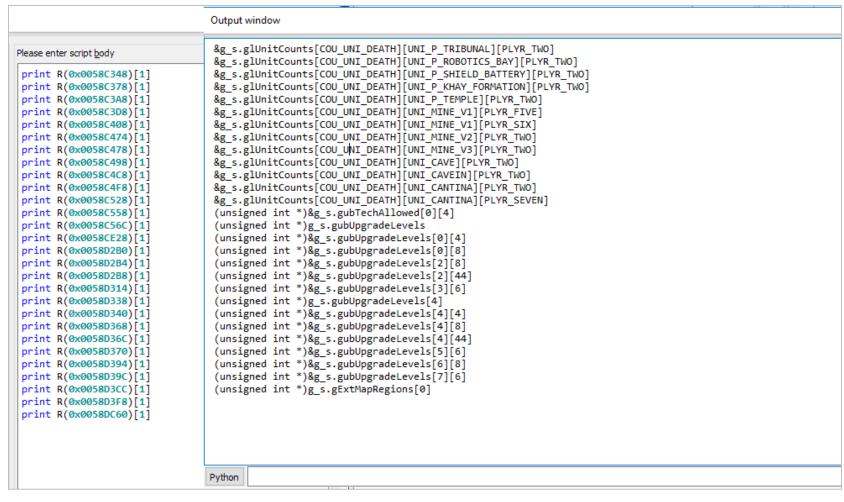
- If I wanted to trace triggers, I needed to have a way to convert an address
  - to a nice variable representation
- So what is the symbolic representation of:
  - 0x5187E8 + (0xC \* 3) + 4?
  - gCards[3].pBtns

```
00000000 TCard struc ; (sizeof=0xC, align=0x4, mappedto_225)
00000000 ; XREF: .data:gCards/r
00000000 wBtnCount dd ? ; base 10
00000004 pBtns dd ? ; offset
00000008 wSecondaryCard dd ?
00000000 TCard ends
```

```
.data:005187E8
                           ; struct TCard gCards[250]
                                     TCard <6, offset sgTMarineCard, 0FFFFh>; 0
.data:005187E8 06 00 00 00+gCards
                                                          ; DATA XREF: statcmd set action btns+1D1o
data:005187E8 D8 77 51 00+
.data:005187E8 FF FF 00 00+
                                                          ; CUnit SetOwner+911r ...
                                     TCard <9, offset sgTGhostCard, 0FFFFh>; 1
.data:005187E8 09 00 00 00+
                                     TCard <6, offset sgTVultureCard, 0FFFFh>; 2
.data:005187E8 B8 7A 51 00+
                                     TCard <5, offset sgCombatCard, 0FFFFh>; 3
.data:005187E8 FF FF 00 00+
                                     TCard <0, 0, 0FFFFh>: 4
data:005187E8 06 00 00 00+
                                     TCard <7, offset sgTTankCard, 0FFFFh>; 5
.data:005187E8 10 7C 51 00+
                                     TCard <0, 0, 0FFFFh>; 6
data:005187E8 FF FF 00 00+
                                     TCard <9, offset sgTSCVCard, 0FFFFh>; 7
data:005187E8 05 00 00 00+
                                     TCard <7, offset sgTWraithCard, 0FFFFh>; 8
.data:005187E8 D0 5D 51 00+
                                     TCard <8, offset sgTVesselCard, 0FFFFh>; 9
.data:005187E8 FF FF 00 00+
                                     TCard <6, offset sgTMarineCard, 0FFFFh>; 10
.data:005187E8 00 00 00 00+
.data:005187E8 00 00 00 00+
                                     TCard <7, offset sgTransportCard, 0FFFFh>; 11
                                     TCard <6, offset sgTCruiserCard, 0FFFFh>; 12
.data:005187E8 FF FF 00 00+
.data:005187E8 07 00 00 00+
                                     TCard <0, 0, 0FFFFh>; 13
.data:005187E8 88 7C 51 00+
                                     TCard <0, 0, 0FFFFh>; 14
                                     TCard <5, offset sgCombatCard, 0FFFFh>; 15
.data:005187E8 FF FF 00 00+
                                     TCard <8, offset sgTKerriganCard, 1>; 16
.data:005187E8 00 00 00 00+
```

# Identify – EUD address to symbolic name /2

- With the help of the Hex-Rays decompiler and other metadata, I wrote the function "R" to resolve an address into a nice symbolic name
  - If the array's indices are based on enums, then "R" will properly show the enum name instead of a numeric index



### Identify – Static pseudocode generator /1

• SCMDraft trigger editor textually represents the trigger script:

```
Trigger(" |; Team 1 |;"," |; Team 2 |;"){ // Trigger:
                                                             1022
Conditions:
    Deaths("Current Player", "Right Wall Flame Trap", Exactly, 1);## Addr = 0x0058CB88; Value = 0x00000001
    Deaths("Current Player", "Right Upper Level Door", Exactly, 2);## Addr = 0x0058CA38; Value = 0x000000002
    Deaths("Current Player", "Mineral Field (Type 1)", Exactly, 11);## Addr = 0x0058C498; Value = 0x00000000B
   Bring("Current Player", "Terran Science Vessel", "Invalid Location", At least, 1);
    Bring("Current Player", "Terran Science Vessel", "Invalid String", At least, 1);
Actions:
   Set Deaths("Current Player", "Floor Missile Trap", Set To, 0);## Addr = 0x0058C9A8; Value = 0x000000000
   Set Deaths("Current Player", "Right Wall Flame Trap", Set To, 100);## Addr = 0x0058CB88; Value = 0x000000064
    Set Deaths("Current Player", "Right Wall Missile Trap", Subtract, 25);## Addr = 0x0058CB58; Value = 0x00000019
    Set Deaths("Current Player", "Terran Valkyrie", Add, 50);## Addr = 0x0058AE78; Value = 0x000000032
    Set Deaths("Current Player", "Right Upper Level Door", Set To, 0);## Addr = 0x0058CA38; Value = 0x000000000
    Set Deaths("Current Player", "Protoss Shield Battery", Set To, 144);## Addr = 0x0058C3D8; Value = 0x000000090
    Move Location("Current Player", "Terran Science Vessel", "Invalid Location", "Invalid Location");
    Remove Unit("Current Player", "Terran Science Vessel");
    Set Deaths("Player 7", "Protoss Arbiter", Set To, 12);## Addr = 0x0058B0CC; Value = 0x0000000C
    Set Deaths("Player 12", "Int:18768", Add, 20905984); ## Addr = 0x00666290; Value = 0x013F0000
    Set Deaths("Player 4", "Int:27270", Add, 1473);## Addr = 0x006C9C90; Value = 0x000005C1
    Set Deaths("Player 2", "Int: 27284", Add, 1287); ## Addr = 0x006C9F28; Value = 0x00000507
    Set Deaths("Player 11", "Int:27278", Add, 40);## Addr = 0x006C9E2C; Value = 0x000000028
    Create Unit with Properties("Current Player", "Yggdrasill (Overlord)", 1, "Invalid String", 3);
    Set Deaths("Player 12", "Int:18768", Subtract, 20905984);## Addr = 0x00666290; Value = 0x013F0000
    Set Deaths("Player 4", "Int:27270", Subtract, 1473);## Addr = 0x006C9C90; Value = 0x0000005C1
    Set Deaths("Player 2", "Int: 27284", Subtract, 1287); ## Addr = 0x006C9F28; Value = 0x00000507
    Set Deaths("Player 11", "Int:27278", Subtract, 40);## Addr = 0x006C9E2C; Value = 0x000000028
    Set Deaths("Current Player", "Right Wall Flame Trap", Set To, 0);## Addr = 0x0058CB88; Value = 0x000000000
    Play WAV("sound\\Bullet\\zdeAtt00.wav", 0);
   Comment("񃬣¼ÃÂü");
    Preserve Trigger();
 « end Trigger »
```

# Identify – Static pseudocode generator /2

• I wrote a converter from the triggers text to C pseudo-code (convert triggers to an AST and then emit as C pseudo-code)

```
def trig2cpp(fn, dbg_output_file=False):
        # Check if IDA is running
        # Convert all addresses to names
        out fn = fn + '.tmp'
        trig_to_trigaddr(fn, out_fn)
        # Switch input file
        t = fn + '.cpp'
        fn = out_fn
        out fn = t
    except:
        # No address conversion
        out fn = fn + '.cpp'
    f = open(fn, 'r')
    lines = f.readlines()
    f.close()
    # Create a parser
    p = triglang.parser t(lines, False)
    # Parse input file
    p.parse(dbg output file)
    f = open(out_fn, 'w')
    for trigger in p.triggers:
        f.write(str(trigger) + "\n")
    f.close()
    # Expose the parsed triggers
    global ptriggers
    ptriggers = p.triggers
```

```
class trigger_t(object):
    def __init__ (self, expr = '', id = 0, addr=0):
        self.expr = expr

        self.addr = addr
        """Trigger node address value"""

        self.id = id
        """Trigger serial number"""

        self.conditions = []
        self.actions = []
        self.in_conditions = False
        self.in_actions = False

        self.raw_body = None
        """Raw trigger body"""

        self.obj_body = None
        """Trigger body as a Python object"""
```

```
class stmt_t(object):
   def __init__(self, func,
                 stmt="
                 generic=True, addr=0,
                 sym=None, compare=None,
                 value= 0, var=None,
                 is cond=False.
                 eud idx=None.
                parent=None):
        self.func = func
        """Statement function name"""
        self.stmt = stmt
        """Raw statement"""
        self.addr = addr
        """Target or source address"""
        self.eud_idx = eud_idx
        """EUD index as captured by tracer"""
        self.sym = sym
        """Symbol at address"""
        self.compare = compare
        """Comparator or operator"""
        self.value = value
        """Target or source value"""
        self.generic = generic
        """Generic statement"""
        self.var = var
        """Variable name from statement"""
        self.is cond = is cond
        """Is this an action or condition"""
        self.parent = parent
        """Parent. Usually the trigger"""
   def str (self):
        """Render statement to string"""
        sym = self.sym if self.sym is not None else self.var
        stmt = self.stmt
        if (sym is not None) and (self.value is not None) and (self.compare is not None):
           if sym.startswith('&'):
               sym = ' ' + sym[1:]
           # Treat value as number or string
                stmt = "%s %s 0x%08X" % (sym, self.compare, self.value)
               stmt = "%s %s %s" % (sym, self.compare, self.value)
           if self.is cond:
                stmt = "(%s)" % (stmt.replace(';', ''))
               stmt = "%s; // %08x " % (stmt, self.addr)
       return stmt
```

# Identify – Static pseudocode generator /3

Trigger text converted to C pseudo-code (trig2cpp()):

```
// " ¦; Team 1 ¦;"," ¦; Team 2 ¦;"
void trigger 1022()
 if (((_ g_s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][UNI_STARTLOC][PLYR_TWO] == 0x00000001)) &&
       ((_ g s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][UNI_INSTALL_SPIKED_DOOR1][PLYR_TWO] == 0x000000002)) &&
       ((_ g_s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][UNI_MINE_V2][PLYR_TW0] == 0x00000000B)) &&
       (Bring("Current Player", "Terran Science Vessel", "Invalid Location", At least, 0x00000001)) &&
       (Bring("Current Player", "Terran Science Vessel", "Invalid String", At least, 0x00000001)))
   _ g_s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][UNI_INSTALL_HATCH][PLYR_TWO] = 0x000000000; // 0058c9a8
   g s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][UNI_STARTLOC][PLYR_TWO] = 0x000000064; // 0058cb88
   g s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][UNI_INSTALL_WALL_FLAMERF][PLYR_TWO] -= 0x000000019; // 0058cb58
   g_s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][UNI_Z_COCOON][PLYR_TWO] += 0x000000032; // 0058ae78
   _ g_s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][UNI_INSTALL_SPIKED_DOOR1][PLYR_TWO] = 0x000000000; // 0058ca38
    _ g_s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][UNI_P_KHAY_FORMATION][PLYR_TWO] = 0x000000090; // 0058c3d8
   Move Location("Current Player", "Terran Science Vessel", "Invalid Location", "Invalid Location");
   Remove Unit("Current Player", "Terran Science Vessel");
    g s.glUnitCounts[COU UNI DEATH][UNI P ARBITER][PLYR SEVEN] = 0x0000000C; // 0058b0cc
   _ guwSpriteImage[SPR_Z_MUTALID_DEATH] += 0x013F0000; // 00666290
   _ gxFlingyAccel[FLI_Z_OVERLORD] += 0x0000005C1; // 006c9c90
   _ gxFlingyMaxVel[FLI_Z_OVERLORD] += 0x00000507; // 006c9f28
    _ gubFlingyMaxTurn[FLI_Z_OVERLORD] += 0x000000028; // 006c9e2c
   Create Unit with Properties("Current Player", "Yggdrasill (Overlord)", 1, "Invalid String", 0x00000003);
   quwSpriteImage[SPR Z MUTALID DEATH] -= 0x013F0000; // 00666290
   qxFlingyAccel[FLI Z OVERLORD] -= 0x0000005C1; // 006c9c90
   gxFlingyMaxVel[FLI_Z_OVERLORD] -= 0x00000507; // 006c9f28
   _ gubFlingyMaxTurn[FLI_Z_OVERLORD] -= 0x000000028; // 006c9e2c
    g_s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][UNI_STARTLOC][PLYR_TWO] = 0x000000000; // 0058cb88
   Play WAV("sound\\Bullet\\zdeAtt00.wav", 0x00000000);
   Comment("񃬣¼ÃÅü");
   Preserve Trigger();
 } « end if (( g s.glUnitCounts[C... »
 « end trigger 1022 »
```

# Identify – Dynamic pseudocode generator /1

- With IDA's conditional breakpoints and the Appcall feature,
   I wrote a dynamic pseudocode generator:
  - It helps debug the map trigger logic during runtime
  - It helps in the discovery and understanding of dynamic triggers (generated by the EUD compiler from trgk)
- Conditional breakpoints are set at strategic entrypoints (pre, in and post trigger execution)

Abs	0x42CB6C	bpt_cond_deaths(stage=0)	Break	cond_deaths: start	EUD trace
Abs	0x42CB71	bpt_cond_deaths(stage=2)	Break	bpt_cond_deaths:flush	EUD trace
Abs	0x46044C	bpt_cond_deaths(stage=1)	Break	cond_deaths: symbols	EUD trace
Abs	0x4891E8	bpt_trigger_parse(stage=2)	Break	flush trig	EUD trace
Abs	0x4891F2	bpt_trigger_parse(stage=2)	Break	flush trig	EUD trace
Abs	0x489478	bpt_trigger_parse(stage=0)	Break	trigger: start one	EUD trace
Abs	0x4C5BEC	bpt_act_set_deaths(stage=1, reg= 'ecx')	Break		EUD trace
Abs	0x4C5BFA	bpt_act_set_deaths(stage=1, reg= 'ecx')	Break	loc_4C5BFA	EUD trace
Abs	0x4C5D75	bpt_act_set_deaths(stage=1, reg='eax')	Break		EUD trace
Abs	0x4C5EC6	bpt_act_set_deaths(stage=1, reg='edx')	Break		EUD trace
Abs	0x4C6CC0	bpt_act_set_deaths(stage=0)	Break	act_set_deaths: capture	EUD trace
Abs	0x4C6CDF	bpt_act_set_deaths(stage=2)	Break	act_set_deaths: flush (sub)	EUD trace
Abs	0x4C6CF5	bpt_act_set_deaths(stage=2)	Break	act_set_deaths: flush (add)	EUD trace
Abs	0x4C6D0B	bpt_act_set_deaths(stage=2)	Break	bpt_act_set_deaths:flush	EUD trace

# Identify – Dynamic pseudocode generator /2

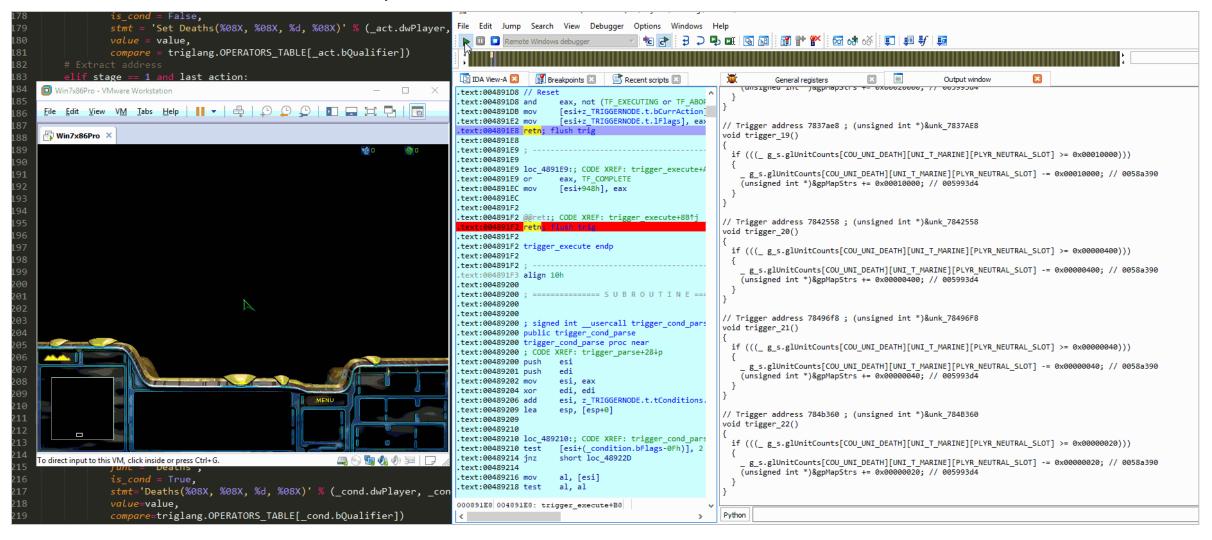
Conditional breakpoints dynamically build the AST on access

```
def bpt_trigger_parse(stage=0, reg=None):
   """Called to handle a triager lifetime"""
   global last trig
   bpt ret = val resume bpt
   # Capture
   if stage == 0:
       if not reg:
           reg = 'esi'
       trig_addr = getattr(cpu, reg)
       last_trig = triglang.trigger_t(
           id=len(triggers).
           addr=trig addr)
       last_trig.expr = "Trigger address %x; %s" % (trig_addr, get_symbol(trig_addr))
   # Flush
   elif stage == 2 and last trig:
       # Only remember non empty triggers
       if not last trig.empty():
           triggers.append(last trig)
           if single step triggers > 0:
               print triggers[-1]
               if single step triggers == 1:
                   bpt ret = 1
       last_trig = None
   return bpt ret
```

```
def bpt_act_set_deaths(stage=0, reg=None):
   """Called to handle the set death action lifetime"""
   global last action
   # Capture
   if stage == 0 and last trig:
       if not reg:
           reg = 'Ecx'
       ok, act = tp action.retrieve(getattr(cpu, reg))
       if not ok:
           print("Failed to deserialize condition!")
           # Suspend
           return 1
       value = act.1Parm & 0xffffffff
       last_action = triglang.stmt_t(
           func = 'Set Deaths',
           is cond = False,
           stmt = 'Set Deaths(%08X, %08X, %d, %08X)' % (_act.dwPlayer, _act.wType, _act.bQualifier, value),
           compare = triglang.OPERATORS_TABLE[_act.bQualifier])
   # Extract address
   elif stage == 1 and last action:
       last_action.eud_idx = getattr(cpu, reg)
       last_action.addr = E(last_action.eud_idx)
       last action.sym = get symbol(last action.addr)
   # Flush
   elif stage == 2 and last action:
       last_trig.add_stmt(last_action)
       last action = None
   # Always resume
   return val resume bpt
```

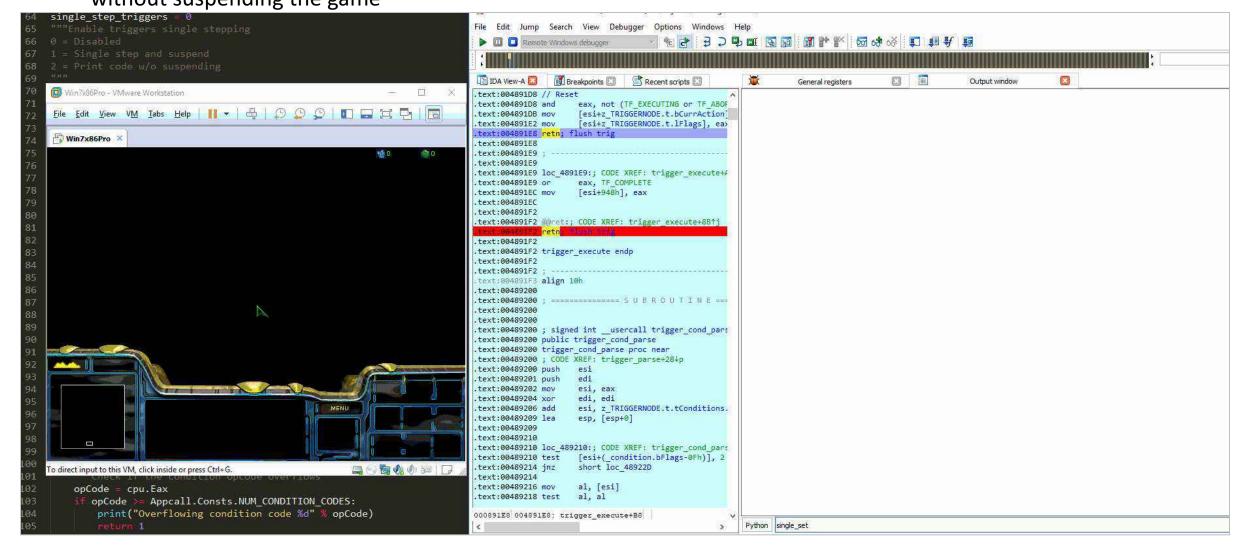
# Demo – Dynamic pseudocode generator /1

- The debug script has a 'Single step' switch to break after each trigger
- Pseudocode is emitted on the fly



# Demo – Dynamic pseudocode generator /2

The "Single step" switch can be configured to print the pseudocode on the fly as the map triggers executes without suspending the game

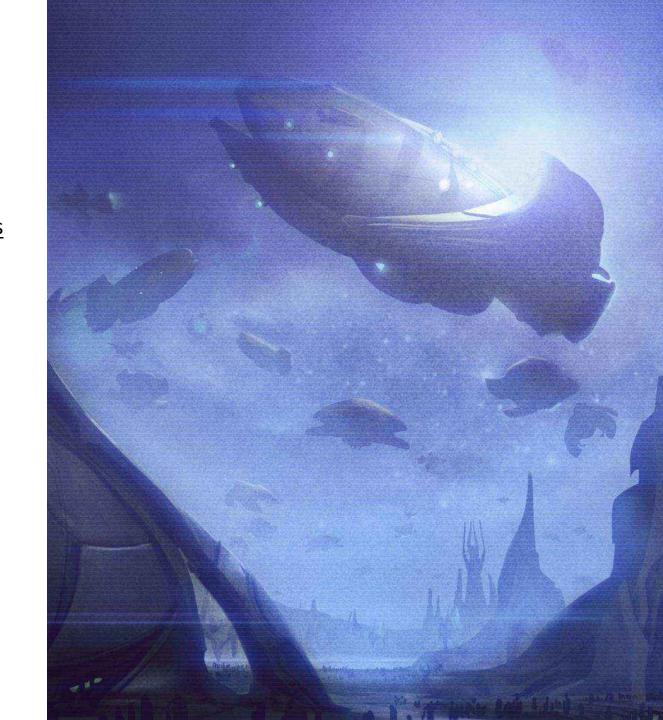


# Intercept /1

### In the first step (identify):

- 1. We built all the required static and dynamic tracers
- 2. We created the EUD table with all known addresses and their symbolic names
- 3. We have enough tools to identify any address and trace where it came from

Now we need to intercept the out-of-bounds access in the new code base



# Intercept /2

#### Read primitives interception

```
switch (wType)
          return bOverflow ? 0 : s->glGameCounts[COU_LOST_MEN][dwPlayer] + s->glGameCounts[COU
      case UNITS MEN:
          return bOverflow ? 0 : s->glGameCounts[COU_LOST_MEN][dwPlayer];
     case UNITS_BLDGS:
          return bOverflow ? 0 : s->glGameCounts[COU_LOST_BLDGS][dwPlayer];
      case UNITS_FACTORIES:
          return bOverflow ? 0 : s->glGameCounts[COU_LOST_FACTORIES][dwPlayer];
      default:
         if (b_eud_is_eud_map)
              auto pCond = (PCONDITION)1Param;
             return eud_cond_deaths(
                  dwPlayer,
                  wType,
                  pCond);
          app_assert(wType < NUM_UNITS);</pre>
          return bOverflow ? 0 : s->glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][wType][dwPlayer];
 } « end switch wType »
« end death_count »
```

#### Write primitives interception

```
default:
    if (b_eud_is_eud_map)
    {
        eud_set_deaths(dwPlayer, wType, lQuantity, 0);
        return 0;
    }
    if (bOverflow || wType >= NUM_UNITS)
        return 0;
        s->glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][wType][dwPlayer] = lQuantity;
        break;
    } « end switch wType »
    return 0;
} « end set_deaths »
```

### Intercept /3

From the emulator's perspective, all EUD map logic boils down to two actions:

```
1. Read anywhere → value = read_vmem(eud_addr)
```

2. Write anywhere → write\_vmem(eud\_addr, value)

```
uint32_t eud_cond_deaths(
    uint32_t dwPlayer,
    unsigned short wType,
    void *pcond)
{
    GET_EUD_ADDR;

    /*
    return s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][wType][dwPlayer];
    */
    eud_value_type value;
    bool ok = eud_emu->read_vmem(addr, value);

    if (!ok)
    {
        eud_fail(addr);
        return 0;
    }
    return value;
} « end eud_cond_deaths »
```

```
bool eud_set_deaths(
    uint32_t dwPlayer,
    unsigned short wType,
    uint32_t lQuantity,
    int g)
{
    /*
    s.glUnitCounts[COU_UNI_DEATH][wType][dwPlayer] = lQuantity;
    */
    if (!eud_emu->write_vmem(addr, lQuantity, q))
    {
        eud_fail(addr);
        return false;
    }
    return true;
}
```

### Emulate

#### In basic scenarios, the emulation is very simple:

- 1. Compute the full virtual address (EUD address) from the *dwPlayer* and *wType* indices
- 2. From the EUD address, find the equivalent new address (backing data) in the current game version
- Compute the offset and read or write from/to the new address



- Let's extend the previous Python table and attach the source file name were each variable is located
- The table defines: virtual address, item size, source file name, emulation flags, and backing variable name

```
# statport.cpp
{'src_file': r'SWAR\lang\statport.cpp',
      addr': 0x0068AC74, 'size': 0x00000001, 'ida name': 'sgbStatPortUpdate', 'flags': 0},
# Flingy
{'src_file': r'SWAR\RetailGenerated\lang\FLINGY.CPP', 'group': 'Flingy'
      addr': 0x006C9858, 'size': 0x000000D1, 'ida name': "gubFlingyMoveType", 'flags': 0},
    {'addr': 0x006C9930, 'size': 0x00000344, 'ida_name': "gxFlingySlow", 'flags': 0},
    {'addr': 0x006C9C78, 'size': 0x000001A2, 'ida name': "gxFlingvAccel", 'flags': 0},
    {'addr': 0x006C9E20, 'size': 0x000000D1, 'ida_name': "gubFlingyMaxTurn", 'flags': 0},
    {'addr': 0x006C9EF8, 'size': 0x00000344, 'ida_name': "gxFlingyMaxVel", 'flags': 0},
    {'addr': 0x006CA318, 'size': 0x000001A2, 'ida_name': "guwFlingySprite", 'flags': 0},
    {'addr': 0x006CA240, 'size': 0x000000D1, 'ida_name': 'gubFlingyMinBank', 'flags': 0},
# Glues
{'src_file': r'SWAR\lang\glues.cpp',
      addr': 0x0050E064, 'size': 0x00000004, 'ida name': 'sgnPrevPalId', 'flags': 0},
# Repulse
{'src_file': r'SWAR\lang\repulse.cpp', 'group': 'Repulse',
     'addr': 0x006D5CD8, 'size': 0x00000004, 'ida name': "sgpRpMap", 'flags': 'EIF SRC REPULSE PTR | EIF IS PVOID',
     'const_size': 'REPULSE_MAP_SIZE', 'gen_opt': GEN_NO_SASSERT | GEN_FORCE_EXTERN},
# Net data
{'src_file': r'SWAR\lang\net_data.cpp',
      'addr': 0x0057EEE0, 'size': 0x000001B0, 'ida_name': "gPlayerData",
                                                                                 'flags': 'EIF_SRC_PLAYER_DATA'},
    { 'addr': 0x00512678, 'size': 0x00000004,
                                             'ida name': 'g ActiveNationID',
                                                                                 'flags': 'EIF SRC NATION ID'},
    { 'addr': 0x00512684, 'size': 0x00000004,
                                              'ida_name': 'g_LocalNationID',
                                                                                 'flags': 'EIF_SRC_NATION_ID'},
    { 'addr': 0x0051267C, 'size': 0x00000004,
                                              'ida name': 'g ActiveHumanID',
                                                                                 'flags': 'EIF SRC NATION ID'},
    { 'addr': 0x0057F0B4, 'size': 0x00000001,
                                             'ida name': 'gbMultiPlayerMode'
                                                                                 'flags': 'EIF READ ONLY'},
    {'addr': 0x0057F090, 'size': 0x00000004, 'ida name': 'gdwDefTurnsInTransit','flags': 'EIF_READ_ONLY'},
```

Running the EUD table generation script patches the source code and exports all referenced variables:

```
sc_eud_gen.py + X sc_eud_data.py
 main
             # Add item to the same source file
             src_grp.append(item)
          # 2) Second pass: patch the source files
                                                       C:\Python27\python.exe
          for src file, items in source files.items():
             if not patchin_eud_item(os.path.join(SOURCE_processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\RetailGenerated\lang\TECHDATA.CPP
                 print("[!] Failed to patch-in EUD %d it(processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\cellscrl.cpp
                                                      Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\SAI Scripts.cpp
                                                     Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\select.cpp
                                                      Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\event.cpp
          # Generate the extern header file
                                                      Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\CUnitCombat.cpp
                                                      Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\statdata.cpp
                                                      Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\RetailGenerated\lang\SPRITES.CPP
          src file = os.path.join(SOURCE CODE BASE DIR,
                                                    Throcessing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\TechTree.cpp
                                                      Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\RetailGenerated\lang\IMAGES.CPP
              f = open(src_file, 'w')
                                                      Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\net time.cpp
                                                     Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\eud table.cpp
             return (False, 'Failed to create EUD extern processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\cheat.cpp
                                                      Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\statcmd.cpp
         f.write("""// !! THIS FILE IS AUTOGENERATED. MAI Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\gamesnd.cpp
                                                     Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\CUnitInit.cpp
      #include <cstdint>
                                                     Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\Gamemap.cpp
                                                     Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\victory.cpp
      #pragma once
                                                      Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\CSprite.cpp
      #if %s
                                                     Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\RetailGenerated\lang\UPGRADES.CPP
      """ % EUD IFDEF COND)
                                                     Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\gameloop.cpp
                                                     Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\TAI AreaStrength.cpp
          for item in EUD ITEMS TABLE:
                                                      Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\repulse.cpp
             if item should gen extern decl(item):
                                                     Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\RetailGenerated\lang\ORDERS.CPP
                 ida name = item['ida name']
                                                     Processing D:\Projects\Blizzard\Games\game-starcraft\Starcraft\SWAR\lang\Allowed.cpp
                 f.write('extern void *%s_%s;\n' % (EXTEMPRESS any key to continue . . .
             const size = item.get('const size', -1)
             if const size != -1:
                 if type(const size) == types.StringType
100 % 🔻 🕻 Elias Bachaalany, 3 days ago | 2 authors, 24 changes | 3 work items
```

#### **Exported variables example:**

```
UWORD guwFlingvSprite[NUM FLINGIES];
   ULONG gxFlingyMaxVel[NUM_FLINGIES];
   UWORD gxFlingyAccel[NUM_FLINGIES];
   ULONG gxFlingvSlow[NUM FLINGIES];
   UBYTE gubFlingyMaxTurn[NUM_FLINGIES];
   UBYTE gubFlingyMinBank[NUM_FLINGIES];
   UBYTE gubFlingvMoveType[NUM FLINGIES]:
/// EUD EXTERNS - AUTOGENERATE BEGIN ///
static assert(sizeof(gubflingyMoveType) == 0xd1, "EUD size mismatch for gubflingyMoveType");
void *eud_ptr_gubFlingyMoveType = reinterpret_cast<void*>(&gubFlingyMoveType);
static assert(sizeof(gxFlingySlow) == 0x344, "EUD size mismatch for gxFlingySlow");
void *eud_ptr_gxFlingySlow = reinterpret_cast<void*>(&gxFlingySlow);
Static assert(sizeof(gxFlingyAccel) == 0x1a2, "EUD size mismatch for gxFlingyAccel");
void *eud_ptr_gxFlingyAccel = reinterpret_cast<void*>(&gxFlingyAccel);
static assert(sizeof(gubflingyMaxTurn) == 0xd1, "EUD size mismatch for gubflingyMaxTurn");
void *eud_ptr_gubFlingyMaxTurn = reinterpret_cast<void*>(&gubFlingyMaxTurn);
static assert(sizeof(gxFlingyMaxVel) == 0x344, "EUD size mismatch for gxFlingyMaxVel");
void *eud_ptr_gxFlingyMaxVel = reinterpret_cast<void*>(&gxFlingyMaxVel);
Static assert(sizeof(guwFlingySprite) == 0x1a2, "EUD size mismatch for guwFlingySprite");
void *eud ptr guwFlingySprite = reinterpret cast<void*>(&quwFlingySprite);
static assert(sizeof(gubFlingyMinBank) == 0xd1, "EUD size mismatch for gubFlingyMinBank");
void *eud ptr gubFlingyMinBank = reinterpret cast<void*>(&gubFlingyMinBank);
```

No need to make static variables global:

The generator has an option that lets you pick a name for the exported variable

```
// EUD table.py
# CImage
{'src_file': r'SWAR\lang\CImage.cpp', 'group': 'CImage',
    {'addr': 0x0057EB68, 'size': 0x00000004, 'ida name': 'images sgpFreeHead', 'name': "sgpFreeHead", 'flags': 'EIF_READ_ONLY'},
    {'addr': 0x0057EB70, 'size': 0x00000004, 'ida name': 'images sgpFreeTail', 'name': "sgpFreeTail", 'flags': 'EIF READ ONLY'},
// CImage.cpp
static CLists *sgpFreeHead;
static CLists *sgpFreeTail;
/// EUD EXTERNS - AUTOGENERATE BEGIN ///
#if EUD ENABLED
static assert(sizeof(sqpFreeHead) == 0x4, "EUD size mismatch for sgpFreeHead");
void *eud ptr images sgpFreeHead = reinterpret cast<void*>(&sqpFreeHead);
static assert(sizeof(sgpFreeTail) == 0x4, "EUD size mismatch for sgpFreeTail");
void *eud_ptr_images_sgpFreeTail = reinterpret_cast<void*>(&sapFreeTail);
#endif // (EUD ENABLED)
/// EUD EXTERNS - AUTOGENERATE END ///
```

### Emulate – The EUD table /1

- The "eud\_table.cpp" is autogenerated from the Python table. It refers to all the exported variables from various source code files
- It is used to populate the emulator's virtual memory layout
- Items also have associated flags that instruct the emulator which EUD adapter handles which address
- Note: the "g\_nothing" variables are alignment bytes in SC 1.16.1. The map makers use that space for storing variables
- A "nullptr" backing data almost always indicates that the variable is to be handled purely by an adapter code

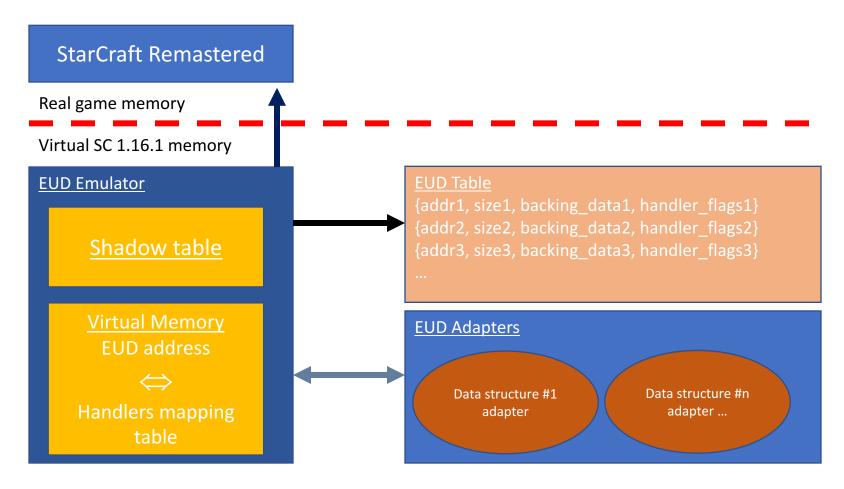
```
eud itemdef t static eud items[ STATIC EUD ITEMS COUNT] =
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x0068C14C, 0x00000002, eud_ptr_sgCard, 0x00000000),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00513B68, 0x000000031, eud_ptr_sqnScrollRates, 0x000000000),
    DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x0068C144, 0x00000001, eud_ptr_gbInMsgMode, 0x000000000),
    DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x0068C10C, 0x000000032, eud_ptr_sqszToPlayerPrompt, 0x000000000),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x005967F8, 0x00000008D, eud_ptr_gGameHeader, 0x000000000),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00597208, 0x00000034, nullptr, EIF_SRC_STAT_UNITS), // gpStatUnits
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x0068AC74, 0x00000001, eud_ptr_sgbStatPortUpdate, 0x00000000),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x006C9858, 0x000000D1, eud_ptr_gubFlingyMoveType, 0x00000000),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x006C9930, 0x00000344, eud_ptr_gxFlingySlow, 0x00000000),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x006D5CD8, 0x00000004, eud_ptr_sqpRpMap, EIF_SRC_REPULSE_PTR | EIF_IS_PVO
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x006562A0, 0x00000058, eud_ptr_guwTechStr, 0x00000000),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00656350, 0x0000002C, eud_ptr_gubTechAlwaysAllowed, 0x00000000),
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x0062843C, 0x00000004, eud ptr sqpFreeTail CUnit, EIF SRC CUNIT PTR),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00628438, 0x00000004, eud_ptr_sgpFreeHead_CUnit, EIF_SRC_CUNIT_PTR),
    DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00662BF0, 0x0000001C8, eud_ptr_guwLastWhatSnd, 0x00000000),
    DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00515B68, 0x000000008, eud_ptr_MapHops, 0x00000000),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00640B60, 0x00000B12, eud_ptr_sgszMsgTbl, EIF_SRC_MSG_TBL),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x00640B58, 0x000000001, eud_ptr_sgbNextMsg, 0x000000000),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x0051A280, 0x0000000C, nullptr, EIF_SRC_TRIGGERS_LIST), // sgTriggers0
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x0051A28C, 0x0000000C, nullptr, EIF_SRC_TRIGGERS_LIST), // sgTriggers1
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x00664894, 0x000000004, &g nothing 19, 0x00000000),
   DEF_EUD_ITEM(0x0066497C, 0x000000004, &g_nothing_20, 0x00000000),
   DEF EUD ITEM(0x006646C4, 0x000000004, &q nothing 21, 0x00000000),
```

### Emulate – The EUD table /2

- The "eud\_extern.h" is autogenerated from the Python table
- It exposes all the known EUD variables
  - Very handy for accessing static variables from anywhere in the code when needed

```
// !! THIS FILE IS AUTOGENERATED. MANUAL MODIFICATION WIL
#include <cstdint>
#pragma once
extern void *eud ptr sgCard;
extern void *eud ptr sgnScrollRates;
extern void *eud ptr gbInMsgMode;
extern void *eud ptr sgszToPlayerPrompt;
extern void *eud ptr gGameHeader;
extern void *eud ptr gpIconsGrp;
extern void *eud ptr sgbSelectionUpdate;
extern void *eud ptr sgbStatPortUpdate;
extern void *eud ptr gubFlingyMoveType;
extern void *eud ptr gxFlingySlow;
extern void *eud ptr gxFlingyAccel;
extern void *eud_ptr_gubFlingyMaxTurn;
extern void *eud ptr gxFlingyMaxVel;
extern void *eud ptr guwFlingySprite;
extern void *eud ptr gubFlingyMinBank;
extern void *eud ptr sgnPrevPalId;
extern void *eud ptr sgpRpMap;
extern uint32 t eud export REPULSE MAP SIZE;
extern void *eud ptr g ActiveNationID;
extern void *eud ptr g LocalNationID;
```

### Emulator architecture /1



### Due to the nature of the overflow, the following restrictions apply:

- An EUD address is always 4 bytes aligned
- An EUD value is a 32bits integer

### Emulator architecture /2

#### **Shadow table**

• It contains the needed memory contents from the SC 1.16.1 binary

### Virtual memory

- It uses the address-to-handlers lookup table
- It maps an EUD address range to an EUD table entry → EUD handler/adapter
- The table entry for an EUD item describes:
  - The backing data (the new variable address, if present)
  - The flags which tell the emulator which EUD adapter (handler) to use for emulation



# Emulator architecture /3

#### A specialized EUD adapter is needed when:

- Handling non-standard data types
- When dealing with EUD addresses that no longer map to anything in the new game client

#### The following 5 virtual methods are exposed

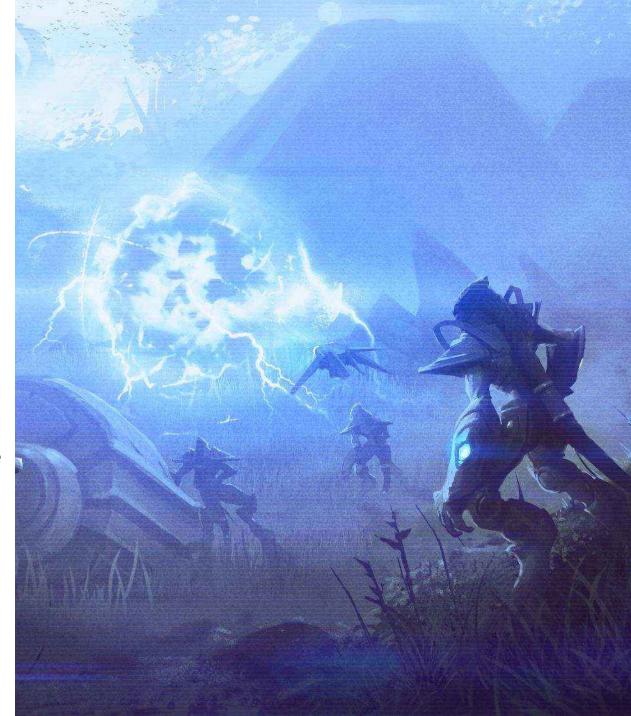
- read\_vmem()
- → Return a 32bits value
- write\_vmem()
- → Write a 32bits value

backup()

→ Item specific backup code

restore()

- → Item specific restore code
- deferred\_write()
- → Invoked after all the triggers have executed. Gives a chance to batch process writes



### EUD adapters – Basic /1

The basic EUD adapter (eud\_vmemitem\_t class) handles basic data types:

- 1. The emulator computes the full EUD address
- 2. Finds the new variable's base address and converts the EUD address to an offset
- 3. The appropriate adapter is then called with the desired offset to read/write from/to

```
bool eud_vmemitem_t::read_vmem(
    eud_emu_t *emu,
    void *backing_data,
    eud_addr_type offs,
    eud_value_type &value)
{
    value = *(eud_value_type *)((char *)backing_data + offs);
    return true;
}
```

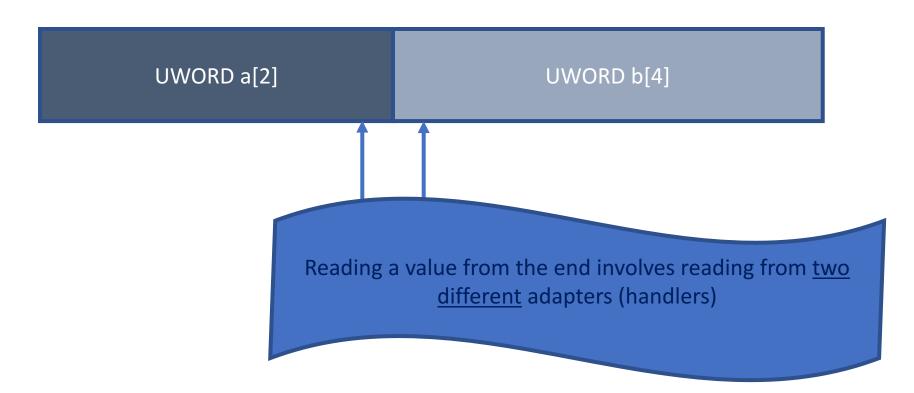
This simple translation approach works nicely for basic types

```
align 10h
                                                 .data:00AC831B
data:006CA316 db
                                                                                                           New builds
                           1.16.1
                                                 .data:00AC8320 ; unsigned __int16 guwFlingySprite[209]
data:006CA317 db
                                                .data:00AC8320 unsigned short * guwFlingySprite db 0D1h
                                                                                                          dup(0)
.data:006CA318 ; int16 guwFlingySprite[209]
                                                 .data:00AC8320
                                                                                                          ; DATA XREF: AllocFlingy(
.data:006CA318 <mark>guwFlingySprite</mark> dw 0D1h dup(?)
                                                .data:00AC8320
                                                                                                         ; CFlingy::Init(ushort,sh
.data:006CA318 ; DATA XREF: CUnit DisplayLandi
                                                 .data:00AC83F1
                                                                                db
data:006CA318 ; sub 468280+14D1r ...
                                                 data • 00AC83F2
```

# EUD adapters – Basic /2

The basic (pass-thru) adapter is good for most cases:

- Byte, Word, Dword
- The emulator can cross boundaries between two items
- Basic types arrays are also supported



# Wait a minute, we need one more primitive!

- We covered two primitives:
  - 1. \*mem asg\_op = const
    - asg\_op → += , = , -=
  - 2. if (\*mem cmp\_op const) { actions ... }
    - cmp\_op <del>> ==, >=, <=</del>
- How do we get the following primitive?
  - \*mem1 asg\_op \*mem2

**Using binary search!** 



### The \*a = \*b primitive

- Trigger condition:
  - 1. Probes the value of *src var*
- Trigger action:
  - 1. Increments the value of *dst var*
  - 2. Decrement the value of *src\_var*
  - src\_var's value eventually reaches zero
  - 4. Backup changes into *var\_copy*

The same primitive is repeated to copy var\_copy back to dst\_var

This primitive is expensive and generates lots of triggers

```
void trigger_0()
                                        void trigger_...()
                                          if ((src_var >= 0x00000100))
   var_copy = 0;
   dst_var = 0;
                                            src var -= 0x00000100;
void trigger_1()
                                            dst var += 0x00000100;
                                            var copy += 0x00000100;
 if ((src_var >= 0x80000000))
                                        void trigger_...()
   src_var -= 0x80000000;
   dst var += 0x80000000;
                                          if ((src_var >= 0x00000004))
   var copy += 0x80000000;
                                            src var -= 0x000000004;
void trigger_2()
                                            dst_var += 0x000000004;
                                            var_copy += 0x00000004;
 if ((src_var >= 0x40000000))
                                        void trigger_...()
   src var -= 0x40000000;
   dst_var += 0x40000000;
   var_copy += 0x40000000;
                                          if ((src_var >= 0x000000002))
                                            src_var -= 0x000000002;
void trigger_3()
                                            dst_var += 0x000000002;
                                            var_copy += 0x000000002;
 if ((src_var >= 0x20000000))
                                        void trigger_...()
   src_var -= 0x20000000;
   dst var += 0x20000000;
                                          if ((src var >= 0x00000001))
   var_{copy} += 0x200000000;
                                            src_var -= 0x00000001;
                                            dst_var += 0x00000001;
                                            var copy += 0x000000001;
                                        } « end trigger 0 »
```

#### EUD adapters – Pointers /1

- Pointers are 32bits in SC 1.16.1
- Obviously, we cannot just use the passthru basic emulation
  - Pointers have to be translated from EUD virtual addresses to real addresses
- The primitive "\*ptr1 = \*ptr2" invoked from the EUD triggers will spoil the pointer value until the binary search is over
  - What to do with incomplete pointer values?



# EUD adapters – Pointers /2

- Changes to a physical pointer value should not take effect unless the virtual pointer value passes a "pointer validity check function"
  - → Does the virtual pointer have a proper real pointer equivalent?
- Rely on the shadow pointer value when working with incomplete virtual pointer values for future reads / writes:

	Real memory	EUD virtual memory
	void *game_ptr;	uint32_t game_ptr;
{	uint32_t game_ptr_shadow; bool game_ptr_dirty;	

# EUD adapters – Pointers /3

 The eud\_cobject\_ptr\_adapter\_t is constructed with backing data pointing to a reference to a real pointer that we want to expose to the EUD emulator

```
template <class T>
class eud_cobject_ptr_adapter_t: public eud_vmemitem_t
protected:
    eud addr type shadow ptr;
public:
   T *&ptr() const { return *(T **)backing_data; }
   // Convert an physical pointer to an EUD pointer
   eud_value_type physical to eudaddr(eud_emu_t *emu)
        // Read the live value...
        auto obj = (T *)ptr();
       // ...and translate it to a virtual address
       return obj == nullptr ? 0 : emu->get_cobject_vptr(obj);
   virtual bool read vmem(
        eud_emu_t *emu,
        eud_addr_type offs,
        eud_value_type &value) override
       // When not dirty, read the live value
        if (!is_dirty())
           shadow ptr = physical to eudaddr(emu);
       value = shadow ptr:
        return true;
```

```
virtual bool Write vmem(
    eud emu t *emu,
    eud_addr_type offs,
    eud value type value,
    int q) override
    if (!is_dirty())
        shadow ptr = get vptr(emu);
        set_dirty();
    // Update the shadow value
    set_pval(&shadow_ptr, value, q);
    // Allow nullptr assignment
    if (shadow ptr == 0)
        ptr() = nullptr:
    else
        // Update the real pointer only if it gets translated
        // from an EUD addr to a physical pointer
        T *unit;
        emu->get_cobject_ptr(shadow_ptr, true, &unit);
        if (unit != nullptr)
             ptr() = unit;
            clear_dirty();
    return true:
} « end write vmem »
end eud cobject_ptr_adapter_t » ;
```

# EUD adapters – Function pointers /1

// "Player 8"

void trigger 497()

.data:00518480 dw 0: [5].wReaStr

What about EUD logic that does function pointer arithmetic?

```
if ((Always();))
   _ sgTEngineeringCard[5].pfBtnAction += 0x000000C0; // 005184ec
.data:00518480 public sgTEngineeringCard
.data:00518480 ; TButton sgTEngineeringCard[7]
.data:00518480 sgTEngineeringCard dw 1; [0].wLocation
.data:00518480 ; DATA XREF: .data:gCards↓o
.data:00518480 dw 0E4h; [0].wPortrait
.data:00518480 dd offset bf_is_ship; [0].pfCanDisplay
.data:00518480 dd offset order move; [0].pfBtnAction
.data:00518480 db 0; [0].bCanDisplayParm
.data:00518480 db 0; 0
.data:00518480 dw 0; [0].BtnActionParm
.data:00518480 dw 664; [0].wStrIndex
.data:00518480 dw 0; [0].wReqStr
.data:00518480 dw 1; [1].wLocation
.data:00518480 dw 0; [4].wReqStr
.data:00518480 dw 9; [5].wLocation
.data:00518480 dw 11Ah; [5].wPortrait
.data:00518480 dd offset bf liftoff_ok; [5].pfCanDisplay
.data:00518480 dd offset order bldg liftoff; [5].pfBtnAction
.data:00518480 db 0; [5].bCanDisplayParm
.data:00518480 db 0; 5
.data:00518480 dw 0; [5].BtnActionParm
.data:00518480 dw 671; [5].wStrIndex
```

```
00000000 TButton struc; (sizeof=0x14, align=0x4, mappedto_224)
00000000; XREF: .data:sgReplayPlayCard/r .data:sgReplayPauseCard/r ...
00000000 wLocation dw ?
00000002 wPortrait dw ?
00000004 pfCanDisplay dd ?; offset
00000008 pfBtnAction dd ?; offset
00000000 bCanDisplayParm db ?
0000000 db ?; undefined
0000000E BtnActionParm dw ?
00000010 wStrIndex dw ?; XREF: statcmd_set_ctrl+6D/r; base 10
00000012 wReqStr dw ?
00000014 TButton ends
```

```
text:004232F0
.text:004232F0 ; Attributes: bp-based frame
.text:004232F0
                                               Evaluate expression
text:004232F0 public order cancel upgrade
.text:004232F0 order cancel upgrade proc near
.text:004232F0 ; CODE XREF: statdata slot cmd+
                                                       order_cancel_upgrade-0xc0
.text:004232F0 ; DATA XREF: .data:sgZLairCard↓
.text:004232F0
                                               Hex: 42 3230 (order_bldg_liftoff)
.text:004232F0 Cmd= byte ptr -1
                                               Decimal: 4 338 224
.text:004232F0
.text:004232F0 push
                      ebp
                                               Octal: 20 431 060
.text:004232F1 mov
                      ebp, esp
                                               Binary: 0000 0000 0100 0010 0011 0010 0011 0000
.text:004232F3 push
                      ecx
                                               Character: '02B.'
.text:004232F4 mov
                      edx, 1; dwBytes
                      ecx, [ebp+Cmd]; lpCmd
.text:004232F9 lea
                                                                                      Help
                                                               OK
                                                                         Cancel
                      [ebp+Cmd], 33h
.text:004232FC mov
                      netmgr queue cmd
.text:00423300 call
.text:00423300
.text:00423305 mov
                      esp, ebp
.text:00423307 pop
                      ebp
.text:00423308 retn
```

#### EUD adapters – Function pointers /2

- Pointer arithmetic make sense only in the EUD virtual memory addressing space
- For the real pointer addressing we have to translate to proper pointers and account for function prototype compatibility
- Basic implementation idea:
  - 1. vaddr += voffs
  - 2. paddr = find\_real\_fptr(vaddr, function\_prototype\_id)
  - if (paddr != nullptr) → struct.pFn = paddr;
- In the emulator, such cases are handled with the <code>eud\_struct\_with\_ptr\_adapter t</code>

#### Virtual function pointers and their prototypes table

#### EUD adapters – Incompatible structures /1

- Various data structures have changed between SC 1.16.1 and SC:R
- Pass-thru adapters are not helpful in this case

```
struct CUnit
struct eud CUnit
  int unit id:
                              /* 0x00 */
                                                       char unit_name[80];
                                                                                      0x00
  char unit_name[80];
                                                       int field1;
  eud_CUnit *linked_unit;
                                                       int field2;
                              /* 0x54 */
                                                                                       0x54
  eud CImage *linked Sprite;
                                                       int unit id;
                              /* 0x58 */
                                                                                      0x58
                                                       eud CUnit *linked unit;
                                                                                    // 0x5C
                                                       eud_CImage *linked_Sprite;
                                                                                    // 0x60
```

- A specialized adapter is needed to convert between both structures:
  - Read operation: translates from physical structure to virtual structure
  - Write operation: translates from virtual structure to physical structure

# EUD adapters – Incompatible structures /2

```
bool eud_csprite_adapter_t::read vmem(
        eud_emu_t *emu,
        eud_addr_type offs,
        eud_value_type &value)
    switch (offs)
        // 0x000
        case offsetof(eud_CSprite, ptr_CSprite_pPrevNode):
            EUD_FIELD_READ_VPTR(
                CSprite,
                pPrevNode,
                csprite()->prop_CLists_PrevNode(),
                emu->sprites->get_addr);
            break;
        // 0x004
        case offsetof(eud_CSprite, ptr_CSprite_pNextNode):
            EUD FIELD READ VPTR(
                CSprite,
                pNextNode,
                csprite()->prop_CLists_NextNode(),
                emu->sprites->get_addr);
            break;
        // 0x008
        case offsetof(eud CSprite, uwType):
            uwType_ubCreator_union_t u;
            u.ubSelectedNdx = csprite()->prop ubSelectedNdx();
            EUD_FIELD_READ_PARTIAL_VAL(
                uwType,
                csprite()->prop_uwType(),
                u.uwType);
            EUD FIELD READ PARTIAL VAL(
                ubCreator.
                csprite()->prop_ubCreator(),
                u.ubCreator);
            value = u.val;
            break;
        default:
            return false;
   } « end switch offs »
    return true:
} « end read vmem »
```

```
bool eud_csprite_adapter_t::Write vmem(
        eud_emu_t *emu,
        eud_addr_type offs,
        eud_value_type value,
        int q)
    switch (offs)
        case offsetof(eud CSprite, ptr CSprite pPrevNode):
            EUD_FIELD_UPDATE_VPTR(
                CSprite,
                pPrevNode,
                csprite()->prop CLists PrevNode(),
                emu->sprites->get_addr,
                emu->sprites->get ptr);
            break;
        case offsetof(eud CSprite, ptr CSprite pNextNode):
            EUD FIELD UPDATE VPTR(
                CSprite,
                pNextNode,
                csprite()->prop CLists NextNode(),
                emu->sprites->get_addr,
                emu->sprites->get ptr);
            break;
        case offsetof(eud_CSprite, uwType):
            EUD_FIELD_UPDATE_BATCH(
                uwType_ubCreator_union_t,
                csprite()->prop_ubSelectedNdx() = u.ubSelectedNdx);
            EUD FIELD UPDATE PARTIAL VAL(
                ubCreator,
                u.ubCreator,
                csprite()->prop_ubCreator(),
                check_owner_bounds);
            EUD_FIELD_UPDATE_PARTIAL_VAL(
                uwType,
                u.uwType,
                csprite()->prop_uwType(),
                check_utype_bounds);
            break;
        default:
            return false;
    } « end switch offs »
    return true;
 « end write vmem :
```

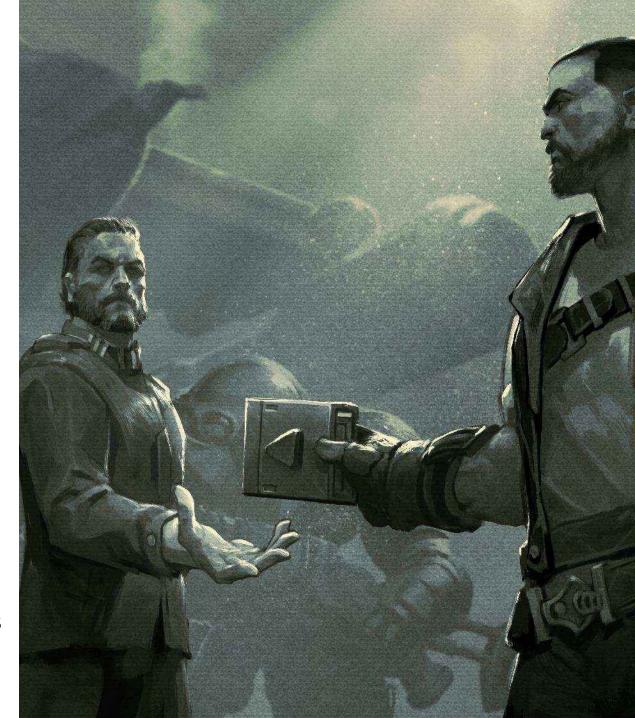
#### EUD adapters – Linked lists

- In SC 1.16.1
  - Triggers were stored in a Storm linked list data structure
  - Storm is a library that provides containers and platform independent functionality
- In SC:R
  - Triggers are stored as blz::list<\_trigger>
  - 'blz' is the equivalent of STL's std namespace
- Other structures in the old game also use Storm lists while the new game uses different containers



Because triggers are hard to program, the South Korean hacker (nicknamed Trigger King / trgk) wrote a trigger compiler:

- You write proper logic in a JavaScript/Python like language called epScript
- 2. The **epScript** gets compiled into a bunch of triggers and is then injected into the appropriate map chunks
- 3. Map containing triggers compiled with **epScript** can be identified using the bootstrap code that links regular triggers into the dynamic triggers (inside the strings table)



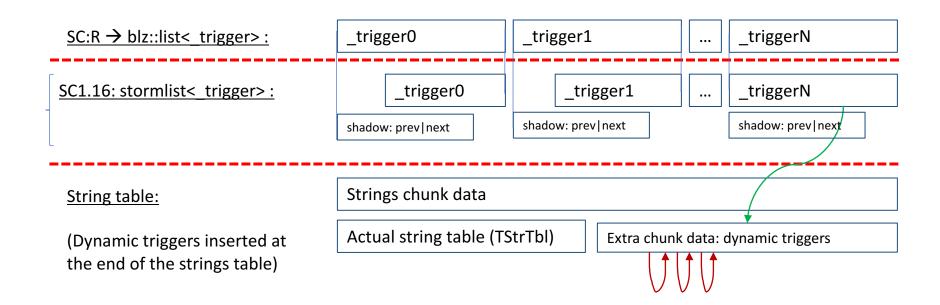
- epScript is a very powerful language:
  - The Mario Exodus EUD map was written in that language
- Its compiler hides additional triggers in the cave area of the strings chunk:
  - Making it hard to reverse-engineer compiled triggers
  - One needs to write a triggers decompiler to recover the logic
- Compiled triggers are self-modifying and very optimized:
  - Loops, function calls and other control flow related functionality are implement using self-modifying triggers that change the trigger node links (next and prev links)



- EUD maps locate the pointer to the string table (gpMapStr) and adds a constant offset pointing to the additional dynamic triggers inside the string table (see slide 17)
- EUD maps then patch the m\_prevlink and m\_next links as needed to introduce as many triggers as needed
  - Inserting new triggers dynamically was never supported in StarCraft. Only the EUD emulator allows such activity.
- Compiled/dynamic triggers are the basis of complex and elaborate EUD maps
  - Therefore, supporting dynamic triggers was the first thing added to the EUD emulator

```
struct TSLink TRIGGERNODE
 TSLink_TRIGGERNODE *m_prevlink;
 TRIGGERNODE *m next;
struct trigger
  _condition tConditions[16];
  _action tActions[64];
 unsigned int 1Flags;
 char ubPlaver[27]:
  char bCurrAction:
struct TRIGGERNODE
 TSLink TRIGGERNODE m link;
 _trigger t;
```

- From the emulator's perspective, there are two kinds of triggers:
  - Initial triggers originating from the triggers chunk
  - Dynamic triggers linked to the triggers list by patching their node links
- When StarCraft needs to execute triggers after each game loop:
  - The emulator knows how to serve both static triggers and dynamic EUD triggers
  - The emulator does not replicate the backing data (the trigger node data) whenever possible



#### The Storm node EUD adapter hosts the node links as shadow variables

```
template <class T>
class eud storm node adapter t: public eud_vmemitem_t
   template <class TT>
   friend class eud_storm_list_adapter_t;
private:
   eud_STORM_TSLink shadow_link;
   // Returns nullptr if offset is outside the shadow link bounds, the caller
   // then knows how to read the node data in that case
   eud_value_type *get pval(eud_addr_type offs)
       if (offs == offsetof(eud_STORM_TSLink, m_prevlink))
           return &shadow_link.m_prevlink;
       else if (offs == offsetof(eud STORM TSLink, m next))
            return &shadow link.m next;
       else
           return nullptr;
public:
        NODE_SIZE = sizeof(eud_STORM_TSLink) + sizeof(T)
   };
   static eud_storm_node_adapter_t *Create(
        eud emu t *emu,
       T *data)
        auto vitem = new eud_storm_node_adapter_t();
        vitem->addr = emu->reserve_addr(NODE_SIZE);
        vitem->flags = EIF_DYNAMIC | EIF_IS_STORM_LIST_NODE;
       vitem->size = NODE_SIZE;
        vitem->backing data = data;
        emu->set_item(vitem);
        return vitem;
```

```
virtual bool Write vmem(
    eud emu t *emu,
    eud_addr_type offs,
    eud_value_type value,
    int q = 0) override
    // Accessing node link structure?
    eud_addr_type *pval = get_pval(offs);
    if (pval != nullptr)
        // Update node structure
        set_pval(pval, value, q);
        return true:
    return eud vmemitem t::write vmem(
                offs - sizeof(shadow link),
                value,
                q);
} « end write_vmem »
virtual bool read vmem(
    eud emu t *emu,
    eud addr type offs,
    eud value type &value) override
    eud_addr_type *pval = get_pval(offs);
    if (pval != nullptr)
        value = *pval;
        return true;
    return eud vmemitem t::read vmem(
                offs - sizeof(shadow_link),
                value);
```

- The Storm list adapter implements an STL compatible iterator
- From the iterator's perspective, any node pointers outside the list has their node links and data in the virtual memory

```
iterator & operator++()
    eud_addr_type next = m_cur + offsetof(eud_STORM_TSLink, m_next);
    // Return a terminal iterator if it is not possible to read the next link
    // or the link is negative (terminal by nature)
    if (!container->emu->read_vmem(next, m_cur) || finished())
        *this = container->end():
    return *this;
iterator operator++(int)
    iterator tmp = *this;
    ++*this;
    return tmp;
reference operator*()
   // Find the item hosting that address
   eud_vmemitem_t *vitem = container->emu->find_item(m_cur);
    if (vitem == nullptr)
        EUD_ASSERT(("Failed to dereference storm list iterator!", false));
        static auto empty node = value type();
        return empty_node;
    // Is that an adapted trigger node?
    eud addr type offs;
    if ((vitem->flags & EIF_IS_STORM_LIST_NODE) != 0)
        // The backing data is used as-is
       offs = 0;
    // Is that another host type?
        // This trigger node exists in arbitrary memory,
       // Use the backing data and the current node as offset
       offs = (m_cur - vitem->addr + sizeof(eud_STORM_TSLink));
   return *pointer((char *)vitem->backing_data + offs);
} « end operator* »
pointer operator->()
    return &**this:
```

# EUD adapters – Partial buffers

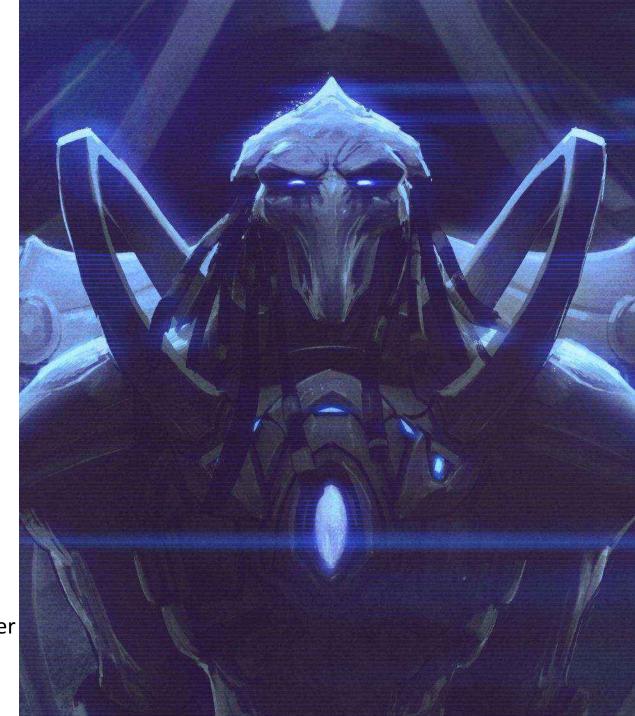
Partial buffers adapters are used whenever the virtual item size is greater than the physical item size:



- The adapter serves the mapped data when the access offset is within the mapped range
- It will serve zeros w/o failing when the unmapped area is accessed

#### EUD adapters – Deferred writes /1

- 1. Certain adapters resort to using deferred writes as means to speed-up the emulation
- 2. The EUD map writes in chunks of 4 bytes at a time
  - We don't want to re-construct real game data while the EUD map is still writing the changes
- 3. Instead, a write handler simply passes-thru the writes to a temporary buffer and marks the adapter as dirty
  - (Reads from dirty offsets are served from the temporary buffer for consistency)
- 4. After all triggers are executed in that game loop, the emulator invokes all the dirty adapters' deferred write callbacks
- Inside the deferred write callback, the temporary buffer is then used to reconstruct the real structures used by the game. The adapter dirty flag is then cleared.



#### EUD adapters – Deferred writes /2

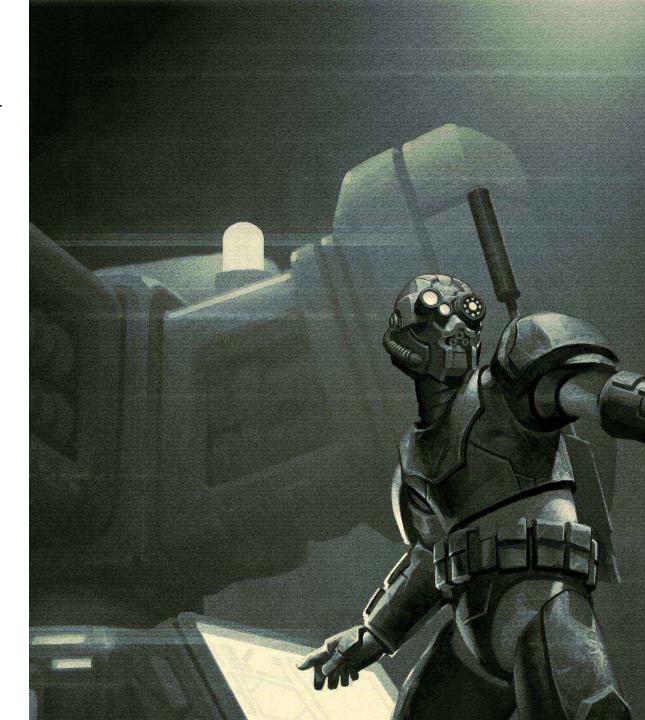
#### Deferred write example adapter:

- 1. The status text adapter lets the EUD maps write to a temporary buffer
- 2. Afterwards, the adapter reconstructs the proper status text structures that are compatible with the new game (SC:R) code

```
class eud stattxt adapter t: public eud vmemitem t
   size_t orig_tbl_size;
   UWORD orig_str_count;
   blz::string prev hotkey profile;
   // This function updates the encoding format of stat text
   bool fix hotkeys(void *buf, uint32_t tbl_size);
   virtual bool Write vmem(
       eud_emu_t *emu,
       eud_addr_type offs
       eud_value_type value,
       int q) override
       emu->set dirty and defer write(this);
       return eud vmemitem_t::write_vmem(emu, offs, value, q);
   virtual bool deferred_write_vmem(
       eud_emu_t *emu
       eud_addr_type offs
       eud_value_type value,
       int q) override
       if (!is_dirty())
           return true;
           clear_dirty();
       // Fix the hotkeys from 1.16.1 EUD map to work with SCR
       if (!fix_hotkeys(backing_data, size))
           return false;
       // Convert the EUD patched stat txt to a TStrTbl (for UTF-8 conversion) using the extended size (and not the original size)
       TPStrTbl str_tbl = str_load_table_from_memory(backing_data, size);
       if (str_tbl == nullptr)
           return false;
       str_allow_kr_cp_conv(str_tbl, true);
       extern StringTable gpStatStrs;
       // Let's patch existing strings and add new ones (if EUD string count is bigger than original string table contents)
       for (UWORD istr = 0, c = MIN(orig_str_count, str_tbl->priv->wStrCount);
            istr < c:
            ++istr)
           // Update the string table from the TStrTblPriv (and convert to UTF-8)
           auto str = str_get_string_kor_eud(str_tbl, istr + 1);
           eud_dbgprint("%04d - %s\n", istr, str);
           gpStatStrs.UpdateString(istr, str);
       str_unload_table_from_memory(str_tbl);
       // Select the no hotkeys profile for this map
       prev_hotkey_profile = CHotkeyManager::Get().SetNoHotkeysProfile();
       return true;
  } « end deferred_write_vmem »
 « end eud_stattxt_adapter_t » ;
```

# EUD adapters – Bounded array elements /1

- Various game data variables are integer arrays
- Sometimes, the elements in the array must have bounded values
  - Naturally, the pass-thru (basic) adapter is not suitable (because no validation takes place)
- The bounded array adapter also leverage a shadow array table for all the elements that have incomplete / invalid values
- Only after the written values are valid (within the specified bounds) then changes are reflected into the backing data



# EUD adapters – Bounded array elements /2

The Unit Flingy array's values have an upper bound of 209

```
else if (src id == EIF SRC UNIT FLINGY)
     vitem = new eud_number_array_adapter_t<sizeof(UBYTE), EUD_NUM_FLINGIES>(
         item);
template <int WIDTH, uint32_t MAX_VAL>
class eud number array adapter t: public eud_vmemitem_t
protected:
    struct shadow_vals_t
        uint32_t val;
                dirty;
        shadow vals t(): dirty(false), val(0) { }
   . };
   blz::vector<shadow_vals_t> shadow_vals;
public:
   eud_number_array_adapter_t(
        eud emu t *emu.
        const eud_itemdef_t *item): eud_vmemitem_t(emu, item)
        flags |= EIF BACKUP DATA;
        size_t arr_size = item->size / sizeof(eud_value_type);
        if ((item->size % sizeof(eud value type)) != 0)
           ++arr size:
        // Create a parallel shadow table
        shadow_vals.resize(arr_size);
   virtual bool read vmem(
        eud_emu_t *emu,
        eud_addr_type offs,
        eud_value_type &value)
        size_t idx = offs / sizeof(eud_value_type);
        EUD ASSERT(("Reading out of bounds!", idx < shadow vals.size()));</pre>
        // Not dirty? Just read the live value
       if (!shadow vals[idx].dirty)
           return eud_vmemitem_t::read_vmem(emu, offs, value);
        // Read the shadow value when dirty
        value = shadow vals[idx].val;
        return true:
```

```
virtual bool Write vmem(
    eud_emu_t *emu,
   eud_addr_type offs,
    eud_value_type value,
   int q = 0
    size t idx = offs / sizeof(eud value type);
   EUD_ASSERT(("Writing out of bounds!", idx < shadow_vals.size()));</pre>
   // Still not dirty at the first write, read the live value first
   if (!shadow vals[idx].dirty)
       // Read the live value directly into the shadow value
       if (!eud_vmemitem_t::read_vmem(emu, offs, shadow_vals[idx].val))
           return false:
       // Mark as dirty
       shadow vals[idx].dirty = true;
   // Compute the final value
   set pval(&shadow vals[idx].val, value, q);
   // On overflow, just update the shadow value
   uint32_t new_val = shadow_vals[idx].val;
    else if (WIDTH == 1)
                                & 0xff) >= MAX_VAL
             (new val
            || ((new val >> 8) & 0xff) >= MAX VAL
            || ((new val >> 16) & 0xff) >= MAX VAL
            || ((new_val >> 24) & 0xff) >= MAX_VAL)
           return true;
   // Finally, we have a full complete value. Clear dirty and update real backing data
   shadow vals[idx].dirty = false;
   return eud_vmemitem_t::write_vmem(emu, offs, new_val, q = 0);
} « end write vmem »
```

# EUD adapters – Full adapters list /1

Throughout the creation of the EUD emulator, various adapters were devised whenever a new problem is encountered:

- eud\_adapter\_cards
  - Supports total customization of units command cards
- eud\_adapter\_csprites and eud\_adapter\_cunit
  - Allows controlled modifications into the CSprite and CUnit structures
- eud\_adapter\_group
  - Allows bitmap shuffling inside certain game animation frames
- eud\_adapter\_keytable
  - Allows EUD maps to intercept key presses ('a', 's', 'w', 'd', key up and key down for example)



# EUD adapters – Full adapters list /2

- eud\_adapter\_mpq
  - Allows support for protected maps.
  - Refer to MPQ frozen maps: <a href="https://github.com/phu54321/euddraft/tree/master/freeze">https://github.com/phu54321/euddraft/tree/master/freeze</a>
- eud\_adapter\_msgtbl
  - Read access into the in-game chat messages ("Chatting War" EUD maps)
- eud\_adapter\_partial\_buffer
  - Various non-emulated or no longer existent variables are handled with this adapter
- eud\_adapter\_playerdata
  - Lets EUD maps read player information (name, race, color, etc.)



# EUD adapters – Full adapters list /3

- eud\_adapter\_pointers
  - All pointer related adaption code
  - Supports partial pointers (backed by shadow values)
- eud\_adapter\_stattxt
  - Unit status text and hotkeys manipulation
- eud\_adapter\_stormlist
  - Allows high-level emulation of Storm lists
- eud\_adapter\_structwithptr
  - Used to emulate structures that contain a mix of basic types (pass-thru) and pointers (incomplete pointers + virtual <-> physical conversion)
- eud\_adapter\_triggers
  - Supports dynamic triggers emulation



